THE NORTH CAROLINIAN.
ESTABLISHED IN 1869.
PUBLISHED EVERY WEDNESDAY.
Office---North Carolinian Bld'g, Main St.
One door east of Albemarle House.
Terms, $1.50 a Year, in Advance.
If not paid in advance $2.00 will be charged.
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The North Carolinian.

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VOLUME XXIV. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., WEDNESDAY, APRIL 19, 1893. NUMBER 47.

THE NORTH CAROLINIAN
POWER
JOB PRINTING
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Is supplied with all the requisites for doing first-class Job Printing business and promptly executes
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Nearly 5000 American inventors have taken out patents for new devices in car couplers.

Another employment for women! This time it originates in Denmark, where several of them are making a success as analyzing dairy chemists.

A physician declares that it is unwise to allow children to wear finger rings, as rings retard the symmetrical growth of the finger and also because "they encourage vanity."

Correspondents at California resorts dwell long upon the delightfulness of the weather there the past winter, and all seem converts to the claims of the hotel men that it is the "Italy of America."

Ohio now comes to the front with a ship-canal project. The purpose is to connect Lake Erie with the Ohio River, so as to afford ship transit between the great chain of lakes and the Gulf of Mexico. The cost of this enterprise is estimated at $27,000,000.

In the matter of conflagrations Boston is one of the most unfortunate cities in the world, says the New York Tribune. Her fires are nearly always attended with loss of life. There's something wrong somewhere. Narrow streets and trolley wires make a most dangerous combination.

The information is vouchsafed that Prime Minister Gladstone is very fond of rice pudding and of prunes and rice. On either of these culinary delicacies, it is averred, he would make his entire dinner if the etiquette of the table permitted. Think of that, ye dwellers in boarding houses, exclaims the New York World.

Says the New York Press: England's crack locomotive, with its reputed speed of ninety miles an hour, which is to be exhibited at Chicago, may be a wonderful production of human skill in its way; but it will not astonish Americans. Looking at it, they will recall the fact that their own own locomotives have practically driven the English engines out of the South American and Australian markets.

The value which men place on their lives and the relative worth of an American's over men of other countries is well shown by the following statistics. Of the $12,000,000,000 of life insurance written in the world, $8,500,000,000 is placed in the United States. Between the years 1880 and and 1890 there was $2,500,000,000 new life insurance written in this country and but $1,000,000,000 in the whole British Empire.

The Atlanta Constitution remarks: While hemlock bark does not contain more than eight per cent. of tannic acid, and the best oak more than eighteen per cent., it has been demonstrated that the palmetto yields from eleven to twelve per cent. This the forests of the south have an exhaustless supply of tanning material. While oak and hemlock bark must be peeled in a certain season, the palmetto can be worked all the year round. Tanning, which has heretofore been a Northern industry, can become equally native to the South.

Two of the thirteen leading English railroads pay dividends amounting to nine per cent., two others pay exactly one per cent. less, while three others pay six per cent. and one pays four. These are upon the par value of the stocks, and as the market prices are generally far above par, we have here some explanation, notes the Chicago Herald, why so much English capital finds its way into this country for investment. The standard stocks are there held by men and women who rarely sell unless there is a heavy rise, and the average investor does not buy at such a time. Over here they hope for larger dividends and greater advances in value from the development of the new country.

The experiment of introducing the reindeer into Alaska seems to be progressing satisfactorily, announces the New York Press. The whale, walrus and other animals which formerly supplied the natives with food and clothing have been almost exterminated in the Territory and waters of Alaska will soon be extinct. The Rev. Sheldon Jackson, general agent of education in Alaska, has devoted himself to the solution of this food problem for a few years past. Unsuccessful in his efforts to procure an appropriation from Congress, he raised a small sum by private subscription, and after encountering many obstacles, not the least of which was the superstitious fear of the natives to sell their animals, has succeeded in safely landing two small herds of reindeer on Alaskan soil. These, Doctor Jackson hopes, will multiply, and, with further additions from Siberia, whence the animals are procured, will in time afford an abundant supply of food and clothing to the native population.

Life's Pilgrim.

Like those who travel eastward through the day,
We journey on along Life's devious way;
Behind us each a shadow hasteneth,
And suddenly, ere we are quite aware,
Lo! at our side a presence mute is there
To be our fellow to the door of death!
Darker the path each moment grows and then
At last the journey done, Night falls again;
And with the Shadow we lie down to rest,
And slumber peacefully upon Earth's breast.
—[F. D. Sherman, in Harper's Weekly.

How Jim's Wife Went South.

BY H. O. LELAND.

It was at the Oglethorpe Club, in Savannah, one evening not long ago. The quartet of men in the big bay window were three of them old acquaintances, although meeting that day in the southern city by accident. Pond was on his way to Palatka to join his coast survey party; Georgeson had been down at Key West on a collecting trip for the National Museum, and was now on his way back to Washington; Middlebrook, a college friend of Pond's, was visiting in Savannah with Judge Borden, who had introduced the trio at the club and was now, after a perfect little dinner, entertaining them with story after story of southern life before and during the war.

The judge was an elderly man, famous as a raconteur, and, young in heart himself, was fond of younger men, and never enjoyed himself so well as on occasions of this kind; but he finally stopped short after a yarn about the occupation of Savannah by Sherman's Army.

"Don't ask me for any more, boys. Those were great days, and you may well regret that you were born so late. I would hardly exchange my experience for all your youth and ambition. Let me see. You're the oldest of the three, Mr. Pond, and yet I'll warrant you remember nothing of the war."

Pond, a tall, dark fellow of thirty odd, well known in scientific circles in Washington, smiled broadly:

"I was thinking, judge," he said, "while you were telling that experience of your wife's at Nashville of an experience of another little woman had at the north about the same time, and while, as you suppose, I remember nothing of the war myself, I have a vivid personal interest in this event."

"Let us hear it," said the judge. "It's only fair that the other side should be given a chance." And calling for cigars the judge settled back in his easy chair in a comfortable way, as good a listener as he was a talker.

"The little woman in my mind," said Pond, "was living in Baltimore in 1862. She was only twenty, but had been married two years, and a girl baby of nearly a year occupied her time day and night. Six months before her husband had been sent to North Carolina and was acting as naval storekeeper at an important station of the North Atlantic squadron, and she had been left in a boarding house with a widowed aunt.

"It was awfully hard on the poor little thing to live away from her husband, but of course it was no place for her down there; so she had to make the best of it on his infrequent letters. She actually used to put the baby up in her high chair and make believe that she was Jim just back from the south, and she'd tell her how much she loved him, and how lonesome she'd been while he was gone, and what a good baby she had been and how glad he would be to see her, until she was all mixed up in her personal pronouns and broke down and cried over her own poor little game.

"In fact, it only took about seven months to make her desperate. In spite of Jim's description of the desolation of the place, and in fact partly because of it, she made up her mind to join him. Three-quarters of Jim's salary had been coming to her every month from the paymaster general's office in Philadelphia, and so she wrote to that official and told him plainly that she must get transportation to Wilmington, N. C., and that she would die, or something of the sort, if she didn't. In a few days a reply came, on official paper, signed 'J. C. Smith, assistant,' stating that it was practically impossible to comply with her request, but that an opportunity might come by some possibility at some future day, and asking further particulars as to her reasons, whether her husband was sick and whether she was strong enough to stand such a rough journey.

"The little woman replied in full, and thinking 'J. C. Smith' to be a person of great importance, made as strong an appeal to him as possible. His reply, which came promptly, strengthened her idea of his importance, for he stated that he had been touched by her appeal and that it was fortunate that her original letter had come to him, for he would be able to do more for her than any one in Philadelphia. And then more questions were asked and the correspondence was continued, on her part with the single idea that 'the good Mr. Smith' was doing his best to secure her passage to Wilmington, while on his part it was an attempt to obtain money under false pretences, for the scoundrel was only an impecunious clerk in the office and of bad reputation as was afterwards found.

"At last a letter came, written as usual on official paper, stating that the chance had come, that the coal schooner Sarah Jane would sail for the station from pier 8, Richmond, just outside of Philadelphia, on the following Wednesday and that the little woman should come to Philadelphia on the train arriving at 8 o'clock Tuesday evening and should go to Kruger's Hotel on Blank street, where 'Mr. J. C. Smith' would meet her and see that she was made comfortable and put on the vessel in the best shape imaginable.

"Then she was happy! She told her aunt that she and the baby were going to join Jim and in spite of the strongest protestations proceeded to pack her trunk.

"She had never travelled, except from the native farm down on the eastern shore to Baltimore, and the old lady insisted that in her inexperience and with a young baby she would meet with all sorts of trouble and would probably not get their alive. Smith had stated in his letter that there was only room in the Sarah Jane for one passenger and so the aunt could not have gone too.

"In spite of everything, however, the trunk was packed and with the baby's crib and the pet rocking chair was put on board the train late Tuesday afternoon and the little woman and the baby had a whole seat to themselves and rattled over to Philadelphia in the bumpety-bump fashion of the sixties. Holding the baby on one arm the little mother pulled out Smith's letter and read it over two or three times and every time she read it her mind misgave her more. The most innocent, unsuspecting person in the world herself, some good angel must have put suspicion into her mind, or, if not suspicion, at least the idea that it would be safest to go straight to the schooner, for might it not sail without her if she went to the hotel?

"And so, when the train drew into Philadelphia and the passengers were discharged into the mob of howling hackmen her woman's intuition picked out the only honest one in the lot, a young Irishman, and she asked him how much he would charge to take her to pier 8, Richmond.

"'Well;' he said, 'Oi cuddent do it fur a cint under sivin dollars. It wd take four hours.'

"Then she told him that she was going to join her husband in the south, and that she hadn't but ten dollars with her, and she would need most of it for other things, and so he dropped to three, for he was 'jist back from the ar-r-my' himself, and 'wuddent rob a soldier's wife,' and the trunk and crib and rocking chair were piled on the old trap, and the mother and baby climbed into the musty interior, and jolty, gloomy, interminable ride began.

"Richmond and pier 8 were reached at last, and the Irishman and the little woman, both loaded with baggage, went, as directed, out to the end of the pier and across four vessels in all stages of lading, until the Sarah Jane was reached. The captain was on shore and the mate was so taken by surprise that trunk and furniture were deposited on the deck and the hackman was paid and had gone before he recovered enough to ask what under the sun she wanted.

"'Are you the captain of this vessel?' asked the little woman. And when he said that he was not and that the captain had gone ashore, but was expected back soon, she calmly said she'd wait and seated herself in the little rocking chair, between trunk and cradle, and rocked to and fro, singing softly to the baby, until after a while big, round-shouldered, down-east Captain Grimes made his appearance.

"'How de do, mom?' he said. 'I'm Cappen Grimes and the boys sez you want to see me.'

"'Captain Grimes, weren't you expecting me?' And her heart began to sink.

"'Wal, no, mom! I can't say as I exactly was.' Then looking at the trunk, 'You don't mean to tell me as you calculate to ship with us?'

"'Why, I was sent for to Baltimore by Mr. Smith of the paymaster-general's office, and he wrote me that he had arranged everything and that I was to sail for Wilmington on the Sarah Jane first thing in the morning.' And nearly ready to cry, the poor little thing stood there in the lantern light with her baby hugged tight to her breast, the picture of distress.

"'I never sot eyes on your 'Mr. Smith,' and I never hearn tell of him, and there ain't no possibility for you to go on any such a craft as this here," said the old fellow, "so you'd jest better come ashore with me, mom, and I'll take you to a respectable tavern."

"The little girl nearly broke down, but with tears in her eyes and great sobs in her voice, she told the captain her story and begged him to take her. And when he said that he had no room, no place in which he could put her and nothing to give her to eat, she declared that she could sleep on deck and if they had hard tack and water that would be enough for her, and seeing denial still in his grim old face she choked down her sobs and sat resolutely down in her chair and said she would stay, they must take her, and that was the end of it. The captain still expostulated, but she said with a lofty air that the letter from the paymaster general of the navy, which she had in her pocket, was authority enough for him, and that he'd be paid for the passage if that was what he wanted, and that (with great emphasis) she was—going—to—stay?

"Then she rocked back and forth with great spirit, and as the baby began to whimper, 'Yes, mother's darling, it is going to see its father, and no cruel-hearted old sailor is going to make it stay any longer! There, there, there, go-to-sleep, go-to-sleep!'

"It was a hard fight, but she won! The old fellow gave in grumblingly and went below to see about ways and means. He gave her his own bunk and rigged up screens for her, and she had presence of mind enough to smile and thank him warmly when he showed her the miserable hole, and to praise the greasy bacon and hard tack and wretched coffee they brought her in the morning.

"The voyage was a hard one, but she sat on deck in her chair all day long. The few men on board were very respectful, and the captain and mate made much of the baby. There was nasty weather rounding Cape Hatteras, and at one time they were in great danger, but the little woman could not be made to go below. Advice, entreaties nor commands had any effect. Stationing herself abaft the mainmast, or somewhere on deck, she stuck out the storm, her eyes turned always to the sou'-sou'-west, where Jim was.

"And when at last they glided behind the breakwater and the harbor-master's boat put out to meet them, with Jim on board, there she stood, near the bow, her baby in her arms, her eyes brimming with tears and her face transfigured with gladness."

"She was a plucky little girl," said the judge, as Pond concluded, "and luckier, too, than many another poor wife was in those days. But did they never learn anything more about that fellow, Smith?"

"Yes! The husband wrote to a friend in the office and the matter was investigated. Smith was discharged with a little extremely plain talk from the general which resulted in his departure for other scenes."

"But where comes in that vivid personal interest which you said you had in the story?" asked Middlebrook.

"Why," said Pond, as he relighted his cigar, "I married the baby."—[Washington Star.

Sermons Made to Order.

The preachers of the Church of England do not have to choose between writing their own sermons and the rankest plagiarism. There is an intermediate course by which they can salve their conscience at the expense of their pockets. A circular letter of a sermon factory has by some accident become public in London. It commences by stating that it is recognized that in consequence of overwork and other causes some of the clergy cannot write all the sermons they have to preach, and goes on to remark that the writer is an experienced preacher, long accustomed to the composition of sermons, who has prepared several courses in past years which have met with much approval, and who has been asked by old correspondents to furnish courses for another year. Their style, he modestly declares, is plain and earnest, while their spirit is decidedly practical. The scale of prices is amusingly graduated according to the circulation or danger of detection. The discourse limited to ten copies for all England commands five shillings. If fifth copies are circulated the price is only thirty-seven cents each. In no case are copies of the same sermon sent to places less than twenty-five miles from each other.—[Chicago Herald.

A Famous Stallion.

Says the Western Horseman: "In 1788 there were landed at Philadelphia, from a sailing vessel, some English thoroughbred horses. Several of them, exhausted by the voyage, were carefully taken to shore, but one, a rugged gray stallion, with a ringing neigh, stepped briskly down the gangplank and dashed away from the pier, with two grooms holding him in. This was the advent of the famous Messenger, destined to exert a greater influence on the future stock of America than any other horse ever upon the continent. A few of his descendants in the fourth generation still survive. Stamboul, 2.07½, holding the stallion record of America, is in the fifth generation through his dam, and the eighth through the dam of Sultan, while Kremlin, 2.07½, a formidable claimant of the standard record, is in the sixth remove through the male line."

Singular Effects of Emotion.

Sir Wm. Dalby, consulting aural surgeon to St. George's Hospital, has been noting down some "strange incidents in practice"—that is to say, certain cases within his own experience as a medical practitioner—which he confesses himself unable to account for by any course of cause and effect with which the profession can be said to be at all accurately familiar. The most curious have reference to the effects of emotion on the various senses. One is that of a lady who was standing before her toilet table and looking through an open door into her husband's dressing room, when she saw in a mirror the reflection of her husband in the act of cutting his throat. From that moment she was absolutely deaf. A similar sudden and complete loss of hearing happened some years later to a young married woman who was suddenly confronted with her husband's dead body at the time when she believed him to be quite well, and when she was going to meet him after a long absence.

On various occasions Sir William Dalby has noted the remarkable effects produced upon hearing by emotional influences not only by great mental shocks, but by mental strains. He has known not only sudden grief but also overwhelming joy, instantly to make a person quite deaf. Sir William Daly has known the sense of smell to be lost by very strong emotional influences, and with this the sense of taste. A remarkable instance of loss of a faculty is that of a brother physician, who in boyhood found himself suddenly deprived of the power of speech. He was a man of middle age and robust appearance. His hearing was perfect and he could understand all that was said, but his replies were always communicated by pencil and and paper. One day this physician announced that the power of speech had returned as suddenly as it had originally left him. He added that he was entirely unable to ascribe the recovery to any cause, and Sir William confesses that his experience does not enable him to offer any explanation.—[St. James Gazette.

Thirty Quail at One Shot.

"I see that a man who killed twenty-four quail with one shot claims the championship record," said Frank Notsinger yesterday. "Now I don't want to boast, but this gentleman who killed twenty-four quail with one shot must take a back seat, for I killed no less than thirty with one shot, and I can prove it with affidavits. It was soon after one of the early falls of snow last year and I caught sight of a covey of probably sixty huddled together under a hedge. I knelt down and from probably thirty yards drew a bead from the centre of the brown mass. I only fired one shot, but the charge scattered well, and I picked up thirty quail."

Frank stopped to see the effect of his story. He evidently read incredulity written on the faces of his hearers, for he added:

"It was south of Princeton, and I can prove it by the man who was with me. Was it sportsmanlike? Oh, well you know, I knew I could break the record and—well, I am a little ashamed of it, but it is done and I have nothing more to say."—[Kansas City Times.

Breaking Up Their Old Ships.

The opinion, says the Ironmonger, is gaining ground in the North of England that, with one million tons of shipping lying idle, much of which will never be used again because it is obsolete and cannot be worked successfully against the economical modern type of steamer, it is the duty of owners to break it up and put the old metal in the market. Much of this sort of work has already been done on the Clyde, the Mersey, at Belfast and at Barrow, and it is probable that during 1893 a further number of old ships will share this fate. Many of the agents who have ships on sale strongly recommend this course. It has the merit of common sense in it, as, if the ships cannot in future find remunerative employment, they may as well be converted into money as soon as possible, and clear away a vast tonnage which is standing in the way of further legitimate developments in sailing ships and steamships of modern type.

Egyptian Incubation.

In Egypt the art of incubating chicks without the warmth of a sitting hen has been known from the earliest times, and it is practiced today on a scale which chicken ranches on the most scientific plan do not display. A few men will superintend the hatching of a quarter of a million chickens within a few months, and it is calculated that nearly a hundred million fowls are thus incubated in Pharoah land annually. A dispute is going on as to whether artificially hatched fowls are as fertile as those which are hatched by the hen. It is a question which the naturalist can only settle by systematic inquiry into averages.

CYCLONES SWEEP THE WEST.

Great Wind Storms and Cloudbursts in Five States.

Towns Badly Damaged in Nebraska, Iowa and Kansas.

One of the most disastrous storms in the history of the Missouri Valley passed eastward through Nebraska and Iowa late a few afternoons ago, carrying death and destruction in its path.

Page, a small town of 100 people, in the extreme northern portion of Nebraska was the first place struck by the hurricane. Mrs. Harry Ellis and two children were blown from the doorway some distance into the prairie. The mother was killed and the two children fatally injured. Many other people in the town were injured by the flying debris, and nearly all of the houses were more or less damaged.

The inhabitants reported the tornado carrying with it many articles of household furniture and pieces of houses, indicating that some towns further west suffered in a greater or less degree.

For a hundred miles the tornado passed down a valley occupied by farmhouses. The damage in this district was great.

When the storm crossed the Missouri River it struck the town of Akron, Iowa, on the line of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Road, which has a population of about 1600 people. It was devastated by the tornado.

It began to grow dark in the town, and in half an hour it was necessary to have lights. About 6 o'clock the storm struck the place with scarcely a minute's warning. It was a regular whirlwind. Several men and one woman were killed.

Houses were thrown from their foundations and overturned, and many of them blown to pieces. A double-span wagon bridge across the Sioux River was wrenched from the piers and dashed against the river bank. The iron rods were twisted and bent.

A large elevator was demolished, and the debris carried across the railroad tracks to where a lumber yard was and deposited, while the lumber yard and buildings were carried back and deposited where the elevator stood. Cars loaded with stone that were standing on the railroad tracks were picked up by the wind and turned completely over.

Nearly every building in the town was more or less damaged. Many roofs were blown off and carried far from the houses. The storm then moved to the southwest, from Akron to Westfield. Farmhouses and barns, which were in the path of the storm, were either wholly demolished or badly damaged.

From Westfield the storm crossed over the Missouri River into Nebraska, where it gradually subsided.

A very severe electric storm, accompanied by a heavy fall of rain, swept over central Illinois. A cloudburst in Centralia, Ill., caused the entire city to be submerged, doing thousands of dollars' damages.

St. Louis, Mo., was also visited by a terrific cloudburst, which was accompanied by a wind of nearly the proportions of a tornado.

Kansas City, Mo., was visited by one of the heaviest rain and hail storms known for years. The hail stones were as large as hen's eggs. The hail lasted about five minutes, and was followed by a heavy fall of rain.

The storm was reported to have been unusually heavy throughout Kansas, especially along the Santa Fe Railroad. A number of small bridges were washed out, delaying trains.

Later Details.

In Kansas the area of the storm was bounded by the three tiers of counties from the eastern border, nearly every county suffering more or less. Montgomery County, in the extreme southeast portion, suffered the most. The town of Parker was laid waste, every house in the place being more or less wrecked, but no lives were lost. At Walnut many houses were wrecked and several persons injured. At Robinson Owen Pelton was killed by lightning. At Page four houses were demolished and many others badly damaged. Mrs. Ellis and two daughters were blown out on the prairie and killed. The bodies of three unknown persons have been found near town. Scarcely a building remains intact. The storm came from the southwest. The starting point was a little way beyond Inman, where it touched the ground, tearing down two schoolhouses and the dwelling of a colored man named Hill and breaking his leg. From there the storm passing over Inman is described by those who saw it as being about a half-mile wide and turning in every conceivable shape. While the storm was passing overhead the atmosphere below was perfectly still. It was preceded at this point by a very heavy hail, which did considerable damage. The first building struck in town was the academy. It cost $40,000. The building was torn to pieces.

At Salem, Mo., about twenty barns and dwellings were destroyed. Conway, Mo., a mining town of some 300 people, was torn to pieces. Of all the stores, shops, barns and residences, only two remain in shape and only one or two more can be repaired. At this place seven persons were killed outright, and three others have since died. The list of injured reaches nearly twenty. All along the line of the storm, which averaged about a mile in width, fruit trees, forest trees and fencing were swept away. The tornado was preceded by hail and accompanied by heavy rain. The residence of Judge D. M. Green in Courtois township was blown down, and Judge Green was killed. On Crooked Creek the house of Louis Key was destroyed, and Mr. Key injured.

About 7:30 o'clock in the evening, during a heavy rainstorm, a tornado struck Ypsilanti, Mich., and swept through its centre. Twelve or fifteen of the principal business blocks in the city were demolished and others had their roofs torn off and were otherwise damaged. Several dwellings were also wrecked. Nearly all the buildings on Huron street, between Congress and Pearl streets suffered. Among the principal blocks blown down are the Opera House, Hawkins House, Union block, Occidental Hotel, business college and the Postoffice building. The Central Telephone and the Western Union Telegraph offices suffered severely, the former losing all of its main wires. A box factory was also wrecked. Quite a number of people were injured.

DYING FROM FAMINE.

The Dreadful Sufferings of the Poor in Russia.

The famine in the European part of the Government of Perm, Russia, is worse than ever before. The poor are dying by hundreds. In the smaller villages the people have ceased trying to bury all the bodies. Relatives of the dead are often too weak to provide burial for their dead, and so leave the bodies lying on the roofs of the houses. Despite the severity of the law against secret societies and prohibition of the collection of funds save through the officials, private associations are forming to secure food and clothes for the sufferers.

It is estimated that 252,000,000 pounds of grain are required to alleviate the distress and keep the peasants in food until the next harvest.

STRUCK BY AN AEROLITE.

A Remarkable Accident Befalls John Brown's Statue at Ossawatomie.

An aerolite fell near Ossawatomie, Kan., the other afternoon, striking the monument to John Brown, "Ossawatomie Brown," as he was sometimes called, erected to him by private subscription originated by Horace Greeley in 1863. The meteor broke off the left arm of the statue. It passed through the dome and nave in a slightly southeasterly direction, and through six feet of clay just south of the crypt, stopping only at bedrock. Experts say the aerolite is composed of helium, metal supposed to exist only in the sun.

LATER NEWS.

THE White Star steamer Majestic arrived at New York from Liverpool with a party of thirty British newspaper men, who will visit the World's Fair at Chicago and incidentally the leading cities of the Union.

THE convention of Southern Governors opened at Richmond, Va. The following States were represented: Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Missouri, Tennessee, Louisiana, West Virginia, Arkansas and Mississippi. The States without representatives were Kentucky, Florida and Texas.

EXCITEMENT caused by violent fluctuations in wheat continued on the Chicago Board of Trade.

A GENERAL uprising of natives against Christians is threatened in Corea and prompt steps have been taken by the State Department and Navy Department to avert bloodshed.

THERE were rioting and strikes in many places in Belgium on account of the rejection by the Chamber of Deputies of the bill for universal suffrage.

WILLIAM GRIMES, a wealthy young man, recently suffered a fracture of the hip, and decided to go to the Bridgeport (Conn.) Hospital to undergo the operation of wiring the femur. Dr. W. A. Korn, assisted by the hospital staff, performed the operation, and were horrified to find the patient dead at its conclusion.

AT a tenement house fire in Williamsburg, N. Y., Mrs. Mary Ainsworth and two of her children were burned to death and two of her other children were injured.

THE United States sloop-of-war Adams sailed from San Francisco, Cal., for Honolulu to join the cruiser Boston. She takes a large quantity of stores for the Boston, and men to fill the places of those whose terms of office have expired.

THE barn of Charles Reed, a prominent horseman, whose place is near Gallatin, Tenn., was struck by lightning, and twenty-five brood mares, some of them in foal by the celebrated horse St. Blaise, were instantly killed. The barn, valued at $6000, was also destroyed. The total loss is over $100,000.

THE Senate confirmed the following nominations: Dominic I. Murphy, of Washington, D. C., to be First Deputy Commissioner of Pensions; Caleb W. West, of Salt Lake City, Utah, to be Governor of Utah.

THE President has nominated Alexander W. Terrell, of Texas, to be Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary to Turkey; John J. Hawkins, of Arizona Territory, to be Associate Justice of the Supreme Court of the Territory of Arizona; James F. Read, of Arkansas, to be Attorney of the United States for the Western District of Arkansas; Francis R. Lassiter, of Virginia, to be Attorney of the United States for the Eastern District of Virginia.

CHOLERA is spreading rapidly in Eastern Galicia. The average number of deaths has doubled.

THE strikes in Belgium are spreading. The rioters have been in severe conflict with the troops and police.

MINISTER TO CHILE.

Ex-Governor Porter, of Tennessee, Nominated and Confirmed.

JAMES D. PORTER.

Ex-Governor James D. Porter, who has been nominated and confirmed as Minister to Chile to succeed Patrick Egan, was born in 1828, at Paris, Tenn., where he now resides. He is a lawyer and was Assistant Secretary of State under Bayard.

FOREST AND PRAIRIE FIRES.

Ohio, Kentucky, Nebraska and South Dakota Communities Devastated.

Forest fires have been doing immense damage to Ohio, Kentucky, Nebraska and South Dakota. They were fanned by high winds.

Burning wood was dropped into the town of McKinney, Ky., from the forest three-quarters of a mile away. Bob Moore, John Vinson, Alph Roland, Will Roland and Sam Moore, farmers near there, lost their houses. Reports from Liberty, Casey County, Ky., stated that it was impossible to save the town. At Grayson, Ky., fires are raging on all sides. J. B. Hale's tobacco barn and three horses were burned. Everybody was fighting the fire.

Fires also raged near Enterprise, Hayden ville, Aulus and West Union, in Ohio, George Washburn, in attempting to cross a mountain near West Union, was overtaken and terribly burned. The inhabitants in that vicinity were panic-stricken.

Dispatches from Nebraska and South Dakota reported numerous prairie fires in those States, devastating vast areas. Near Chamberlain, South Dakota, two persons were burned to death and a large amount of stock perished.

A TORNADO'S PATH.

Robinsonville, Miss., Destroyed and Many People Killed.

A despatch from Robinsonville, Miss., reports that a tornado of terrific force had just struck the town, demolishing buildings right and left, with apalling loss of life.

The operator said that twenty-five people were killed. Robinsonville is in Tunica County, Mississippi, twenty-nine miles south of Memphis, on the Louisville and New Orleans Railroad.

It was destroyed by the tornado in the afternoon at 4:20 o'clock. The ruins caught fire and but one house was left standing. Mrs. Lusk, wife of a telegraph operator, was killed, and J. B. Dubbers, a merchant, was seriously injured. A number of colored people were killed and many maimed, while hundreds of people were left shelterless, exposed to the pitiless storm. A colored schoolhouse near Robinsonville was blown down and twenty-five people killed.

Rain and wind storms also prevailed over West Tennessee, Eastern Arkansas and Northern Mississippi, but so far as learned Robinsonville and vicinity alone suffered from the storm.

ENTOMBED IN A MINE.

Appalling Disaster in a Colliery at Pont-y-Pridd, Wales.

A Spark From an Engine Causes a Death-Dealing Explosion.

A frightful mining accident occurred a few days ago at Pont-y-Pridd, Wales. A spark from an engine ignited the gas in a coal pit and caused an explosion. Two hundred miners were at work at the time, and the explosion caused terrible havoc.

The rescuers who went down were driven back without being able to bring up more than five of the dead, and the fate of the other miners was for some time in doubt. The most agonizing scenes were witnessed, and throngs of men, women and children, relatives of those below, were crowded about the mouth of the coal pit.

The pit was worked in two seams, one seam above another. The fire resulting from the explosion broke out in the eastern section. From this section seventy men succeeded in reaching the surface through the main dip working, led by a miner who knew the roads. They had a terrible struggle to get out, forcing their way through the fire and smoke. Many of them were scorched, and all were terribly exhausted when they came out. They expressed their dread that all those in the mine had perished.

Flames and smoke gave to the 120 men at work in the seam the first warning of approaching danger. All fled toward the landing. Many were overtaken by the fire and smoke, fell and were left to their fate by their comrades in advance of them.

A rescue party was formed by the pit surveyor. They got as far as the landing at the seam where the fire started, but were driven back almost immediately by the dense smoke issuing from them. After a half hour's rest they went down again and forced their way ten yards into the workings. They found four dead bodies, which they brought back with them.

Attempts to go further into the workings were vain, as the woodwork was burning and masses of ruins were falling incessantly from the roof. One of the rescuing party who ventured too far was killed.

Hand grenades, barrels of water and pipes attached to fire engines on the surface were used to extinguish the flames in the mine. In two sections of the mine the fire was put out.

Another attempt to enter the seam in which the fire started has proved resultless. Although the rescue party saw six dead bodies they were prevented by smoke and heat from reaching them.

The latest news was to the effect that the fire in the mine was put out about 10 o'clock next day. The fumes of gas were, however, still so noxious as to drive out those who undertook to explore the mine in search of the dead and for the rescue of those who might be living.

The bodies of eleven men were found huddled behind a door, as if they had sought shelter there from a shower of fiery sparks sweeping by. Other bodies were found in the return airways, where the victims were caught while trying to escape. A doctor who has examined the bodies reports that all of the victims died of suffocation.

At 11 o'clock in the evening the pit had become so cool that three exploring parties were able to go some distance into the seams. They found three dead men, but discovered no trace of the main body of miners who were cut off by the flames from escape.

Up to 2 o'clock in the morning fifty-three corpses had been taken from the Pont-y-Pridd pit. The searching parties had found no signs that any of the missing miners were still alive.

FIERCE TORNADO.

It Left a Trail of Destruction Through Western New York.

Western New York was tornado-swept a few days since. The storm spread over Springville, Westfield, Brockton, Angola, Marysville, Dunkirk and the adjoining country. It did not last much over an hour, but the damage to crops, cattle and buildings will reach many thousands of dollars. It swept over the grape country.

At Springville a barn belonging to Velder Hempstreet was blown down, and Hempstreet and his hired man were buried in the ruins. Hempstreet being crushed to death. The hired man was caught between two cows and was saved from death, while the four cows around him were killed.

At Westfield trees a foot in diameter were uprooted, many buildings were unroofed and several smaller structures were blown from their foundations. Many greenhouses were destroyed, the roofs being scooped out clean. A water tower and windmill on E. H. Dickerman's place was lifted bodily and moved six feet from its site.

At Brockton, the heart of the grape country, the orchards and vineyards were badly torn up. A new store belonging to Thomas Moss was blown down.

Angola had heavy rain with the wind. The hose tower, fifty feet high, which was surmounted by the fire bell, was blown over. It carried with it all the telephone and telegraph wires. The roof of the Angola Hotel was badly wrecked.

Between Angola and Farnham, the high embankment by the side of the Lake Shore Railroad tracks was washed out and one track had to be abandoned. Boat-houses were washed away at Marville.

Dunkirk had the liveliest time of all. Trees were torn up, wires blown down, a cupola was swept from a residence and the slate roof of St. John's Church was ripped up in many places. The building used for general exhibits and the floral hall on the grounds of the Chautauqua County Agricultural Association was destroyed and the stock exhibition sheds were damaged.

The path of the storm seems to have been about half a mile wide. It appears to have struck just east of Springfield and to have traveled in an almost straight line west through Dunkirk and on to the lake.

BIG BANK FAILURE.

The English, Scottish and Australian Chartered Bank Suspends.

The English, Scottish and Australian Chartered Bank, of London, has failed, with liabilities amounting to $40,000,000. The bank was incorporated by royal charter in 1852, with a paid-up capital of $4,500,000 and a reserve fund of $1,550,000.

The suspended bank has main branches at Sydney, Adelaide, Brisbane and Melbourne, and at various lesser points in the colonies of New South Wales, Victoria and South Australia. It transacted banking and exchange business between Great Britain and the Australian colonies, and had large deposits. The failure has added to the anxiety and consternation which previous recent failures of financial institutions with Australian connections have caused. The only reason given for the failure is that there has been for several weeks a steadily increasing withdrawal of deposits.

KRUPP'S BIGGEST GUN.

It Took Thirty Minutes to Get the 124-ton Weapon on Shore.

The monster Krupp gun was taken from the hold of the Longuiel and placed on the trucks at Sparrow's Point, Md., ready for shipment to Chicago. The work of raising the 124-ton mass was done in thirty minutes. The gun is forty-seven feet long, six feet six inches in diameter in its thickest part, and has a 16½ inch bore. It can send a conical-shaped shell weighing 2120 pounds a distance of twelve miles with effect. Smokeless powder is used, and the piece can be raised or lowered on the carriage by hydraulic or electric power. With a sixty-two-ton gun and a forty-three-ton gun it has been sold to the Italian Government. The sixty-two and forty-three-ton guns started for Chicago, making a train of three cars. The 124-ton gun went forward next night in a train by itself.

The North Carolinian.

Published Every Wednesday

For terms and advertising rates see first page.

Communications relative to and of the interest of the Albemarle District solicited.

THE "RUIN" WILL CONTINUE.

The Democrats carried the country last fall upon a platform which declared that Protection was an unconstitutional fraud, and denounced the McKinley bill as a measure which was paralyzing our industries, robbing the farmer of the fruits of his labor, decreasing the earnings of labor, enhancing the cost of the necessaries of life, and in every conceivable way plundering the many for the benefit of the few, and producing wreck and ruin on every side. The party, as a rule, stood squarely upon this platform, which was proclaimed from nearly every Democratic stump and in every Democratic sheet from the Atlantic to the Pacific, and the result was the election not only of a Democratic President but a Democratic Congress,.

For the first time since the war the party is in a position to destroy the Protective Tariff and otherwise redeem its pledges, but it does not show any disposition to do this. The McKinley bill is still in force. It is just as unconstitutional, just as much a curse and a fraud, just as wicked and ruinous as it was last November, and the Democracy could repeal it In a week were it so disposed. But it is officially announced that Cleveland is too busy with other matters to attend to this; that he will not call an extra session till fall; that no attempt will be made to revise the Tariff till then, and that even then the McKinley act will only be amended in a "careful and conservative way!"

From Grover down they have concluded *not* to do what they said they would do if they ever got a chance. Before they have begun they have got done tearing Protection up by the roots, and they are all agreed that the "wreck and ruin" over which they howled so lustily a year ago, and which they have it in their power to stop, had better go on, or at least that it is preferable to the dangers inseparable from a session of Congress that is Democeatic in both branches.

Well, this is good for the country. It is good for the people who are being "ruined;" good for wage workers and husbandmen; good for all kinds of honest citizens; but it isn't good for the Democratic party, which, by its course, shows itself a party of demagogues..

The fellows who a few weeks ago were anxious to have an extra session of Congress in March are now scared half to death at the prospect of having one in September. A little reflection has taught them that the "fool thing" is liable to be loaded with something that will blow the bad old party out of existence. To be kicked to death by their own mule is not a pleasant thing for politicians to contemplate.

In 1860, when the country got rid of the Democrats before, there was in circulation a little over $13 per capita. The circulation now is $24 per capita. The Republican policy has been to enlarge the circulating medium as the expansion of industry demanded.

An exchange remarks that when the President takes up his grey goose quill he does not always write the names of those who seem to have what the boys call a "cinch," and who tore their shirts to nominate him.

☞The value of farm implements exported from the United States to South and Central American countries under the provisions of the McKinley law increased from $327,000 in 1891 to $1,381,000 in 1892.

The "Caucasian" asks: "What are the Democrats going to say now about the extravagance of the legislature of reconstruction days? Boys, you took all the wind out of your sales when you did start."

The value of the Agricultural Experiment Stations is becoming more recognized every year. The study of the diseases affecting various crops has resulted in the saving of many thousands of dollars already.

☞Mr. Mr. Josephus Daniels, of the Raleigh "Carolinian," has been selected by Secretary Hoke Smith as Appointment Clerk in the Interior Department.

Grover Cleveland's position seems to be: What do these Democrats want, any way? They have got me for President. Isn't that enough?

It seems to be generally understood that Grover proposes to occupy the driver's seat on the Democratic wagon

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The Toledo Blade observes that the hungriest officeseekers seem to be the civil service reform Mugwumps.

The United States Senate adjourned on Saturday.

THE FARMER IN POLITICS.

Does it pay the average farmer to give much time to current politics? In the early history of the Republic men left their farms to become Generals and Governors, and, after faithfully performing their duties, returned to their farms again. The tendency at the present day is to make politics a profession for the acquirement of the "loaves and fishes," and largely relegated to the legal profession.

If the machinery of State were in the hands of practical farmers, that class might more safely dwell content with some assurance that their interests were safe. But as farmers are in a very small minority in legislative assemblies, they should be more on the alert and watch the course of legislation with a jealous eye and note the men who disregard their interests.

Party ties should never condone political offenses, and where a officer is recreant to the principles he professed when elected, he should be promptly voted down. The farmer is numerically the greatest factor in our body politic, and his interests are indirectly the interests of the whole country. While the farmers are prosperous all other professions and trades are prosperous also.

The farmer can not expect special legislation for himself that might be detrimental to other trades, for in a great country like ours, all trades and professions are mutually dependent upon each other, and legislation must be so shaped that it will work the greatest good to the greatest number, other things being equal. The farmer should object to all legislation discriminating in favor of corporations and trusts, and especially to a system of taxation whereby vast amounts of property escape taxation by reason of being transferable, while real estate, being visible and fixed, bears too often the burden alone.

The farmer should attend the political conventions and cope with the lawyers for his share of the public offices. It the farmer is ignorant and not posted, that is mainly his fault in this age of cheap books and newspapers. Let him avail himself of improving his mental faculties in order to be able to cope with the professional politicians. He should be interested in politics in proportion to his interests in his own and country's welfare.

It teose persistent but impecunious office seekers who yet wearily wander up and down the streets of Washington, waiting and hoping against hope, are wise, they will shake the dust of the National Capital off their feet and turn their feet and steps homeward. It will soon be hot and dusty walking.

It is said the reason why more than thirteen Democratic Senators have not appointed their sons clerks of their committees is because they have no sons. But they use nephews as substitutes.

The man who thought of getting up a "Democratic Office-Seeker's Song Book," to be sold in Washington, has given up the project, because he found that the office-seekers don't feel like singing just now.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

[From our Regular Correspondent.]

WASHINGTON, April 15, 1893.

The Democratic Senators, in caucus have decided against investigating the charges against Senator Roach. In order to get the votes of enough Democratic Senators to pass the resolution Senator Gorman had to acknowledge to his democratic colleages who didn't know it that if made there was great danger of a national scandal being uncovered that would necessarily be disastrous to the Democratic party

When Mr Wanamaker was Postmaster General he made a ruling shutting out from the mails as lottery matter all circulars issued by real estate speculators or others, offering to give away lots as an inducement to purchase other lots. This week at the instigation of Congressman Chipman, of Michigan, Postmaster General Bissell reversed that ruling.

Secretary Gresham is credited with a degree of smallness that is hard to reconcile with his ability, in his efforts to "get even" with a dead man for having refused to cast his influence for him when he was a candidate for the Presidential nomination before the Republican National Convention in 1888. It is said that Secretary Gresham, not satisfied with dismissing personal friends of the late James G Blaine from the State Department, has actually taken the trouble to ask the heads of other departments to dismiss them as fast as he can locate them.

Senator Gorman called on Mr Cleveland this week for the first time since the inauguration, and, though he did not go to ask for patronage, hy was snubbed. He went in his capacity of boss of the majority of the Senate, to inform Mr Cleveland that he wanted to adjourn the Senate. Mr Cleveland informed him that when the Senate had finished the work for which he had called it together in extra session he would notify it in the customary manner

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For general purpose, horses for farm work, and to sell quickly for a good price at almost any age, the roadster is one of the best animals for the farmer to raise. The larger ones are strong enough for any use; they walk fast, are quick in all their movements and will get to town and to the field right speedily. They are suited to the needs of almost any man who needs a house,

A Northern Visitor's Impression.

Utica N, Y. Observer.

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., March 30, 1893.—Agreeable to promise I send you some of our impressions of Southern life gained from a temporary sojourn in this land of almost perpetual sunshine and ever blooming flowers.

In quest of health and also much needed rest and quiet, desiring to avoid a climate too warm and enervating like that of the more southern sections, and also the sharp bracing air of the coast, we have found these conditions fulfilled in the quaint town of Elizabeth City, although it is a city but in name, its population being less than 6000. Elizabeth City is the shire town of Pasquotank County, and is situated on the Pasquotank River, which really is an estuary setting up from Albemarle Sound, and is navigable for steamboats and vessels of considerable tonnage. It is also the southern terminus of the Dismal Swamp Canal The construction of the Dismal Swamp Canal marks a memorable era in the history of North Carolina, and places her in the front rank of the pioneers of artificial navigation. As early as 1790 the Legislature of the State passed an act for the promotion of this enterprise, but stipulated that it should be carried forward by private subscriptions only. Under this restriction, however, the work was begun and completed thirty-five years before our own canal, the great Erie, was finished, and eighteen years before the Middlesex, the first canal in New England, was opened.

The newly constructed Norfolk & Southern Railroad is now the swifter rival of the time honored canal, which, although falling into disuse, still commands a goodly share of the carrying trade, freights being lower by this route than by rail.

* * * *

The chief industries of the city are comprised in the lumber, fishing and oystering trade, In the former there are fourteen sash and planing mills in active operation, turning out thousands of feet daily of manufactured lumber of every grade and quality. All the newest inventions and most improved machinery are employed for this purpose, some being the product of local talent.

There is one shingle machine here with a capacity of 30,000 shingles per day, which are "dimensions" and machine-dressed shingles, made of the best quality of cedar or juniper timber, bunched and ready for shipment to the Northern market.

* * * [A full description is given of the manufacture of ice by Crystal Ice Co., and of the oyster industry.—ED. CAROLINIAN.]

Mercantile business is actively carried on in all its varied branches, apparently, however, with small profits as many classes of goods are sold at New York prices. The religious interests of the community are represented by seven churches, four of them maintained by the white people the remaining three by the colored race. So far as I have seen the churches and chapels are models of convenience and good taste, and both in design, finish and furnishing would be creditable to any community of much greater financial resources.

In my next I will notice the subjects of education, climate, agriculture as compared with the old plantation days and other topics I have found interesting to a Northern resident.

The Country's Need.

New York Press,

Governor McKinley's declaration at the banquet of the Republican Club of Canton, that "the country needs the Republican party, for its principles and purposes underlie every American interest, and are allied with its true growth and advancement," expresses in few words the fundamental mission of Republicanism. A political organization based upon such a broad platform is not for one day or for one object. It can cease to exist only when American institutions cease to exist. It finds its duty in whatever leads to promote the welfare of the American people. Its glory in the past has been the steady pursuit of this purpose, whether the immediate question were the safety of the Republic, the abolition of slavery, the preservation of the national credit, the maintenance of a sound currency or the protection of American industries; and its past career is an earnest of its achievements in the future.

Too Many Rules in Vogue at The White House.

"There are too many rules around here, anyhow," growled a Western Congressman when the hour of 11 o'clock arrived and found him still hanging on to the fring of the crowd. "We can't see the President at all on Monday, we are limited to one hour on Tuesday and Friday, consequently when opportunity is given to get at him there is such a mob gathered to take advantage of it that a man with a retiring soul can't get within sound of his voice. This undignified scramble for office is disgraceful. Come on boys, we will have to give it up for to-day, but we will try it again to-morrow," said he and his retainers filed out.

Rusk Is Happy, Though Out.

Philadelphia Press.

Ex-Secretary Rusk said to a Washington reporter: "Yes, I shall go back on my farm in Western Wisconsin and resume just where I left off four years ago, I follow farming not for sentiment or pastime, but to make it pay, and so I shall start to raising hay and grass and breeding swine and cattle as of old. But I shall always look back with intense satisfaction to my four years of official life, for on the whole the time has been spent pleasantly and profitably."

The lamest set of officials up on record is to be found in Anson county, this State. The Coroner has one arm, the Treasurer is crippled, the Register of Deeds has only one leg, two Commissioners are in the same pligh, and the Keeper of the County Home is minus an arm.

North and South.

New York Herald,

The monthly review of Southern industries shows that sectional prejudices are stepping into the grave and the bonds of common interests are being tightened. A new paper mill here, a new cotton mill there, a new iron mine opened in one place, a large tract of valuable forest bought up in another place, show plainly enough that Southern enterprise and Northern capital are working together for the common weal.

A union based on political aspirations is a good thing, but a union based on large investments and hoped for dividends is not easily broken. When the United States were practically two nations, with outlook, customs, habits which were not simply different but antagonistic; when North and South were only slightly independent commercially, jealousies and prejudices and animosities were easily aroused and allayed with difficulty.

Nowadays the whole complexion of life is altered. Massachusetts has put a pile of money into Alsbam. The merchants of the West are silent partners in ventures scattered from the Potomac to the Gulf. Louisiana and New York share the fate of new schemes.

Business is better than a sponge to clean the old slate and make it ready for a fresh sum in addition. It isn't a new South, it's the South with its eyes open; it isn't a new North, its the North listening to the hum of Southern machinery with a personal interest in the sale its products.

These things insure the future better than fortifications and a standing army.

A friend put this conundrum to us the other day: "Why is ex-Governor Jarvis like a locomotive?" and we gave it up, and his answer was, "Because he does the blowing and puffing and the Carr follows him." And still another "Why was the last legislature like a hornet?" "Because its Sting is likely to leave a lasting impression."—Caucasian.

All Free

Those who have used Dr. King's New Discovery knows its value, and those who have not, have an opportunity now to try it free. Call on the advertised Druggist and get a trial bottle free. Send your name and address to H. E. Bucklen & Co., Chicago, and get a sample box of Dr King's New Life Pills Free, as well as a copy of Guide to Health and Household Instructor, Free. All of which is which is guaranteed to do you good and cost you nothing. Alex Wadsworth's Drugstore.

For Dyspepsia, Indigestion, and Stomach Disorders take BROWN'S IRON BITTERS. All dealers keep it, $1 per bottle. Genuine has trade-mark and crossed red lines on wrapper

EXECUTOR' NOTICE.

Having qualified as executor of the late Sarah Bright I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to her estate to come forward and make immediate settlement, and those holding claims against the same to present them within twelve months from the date of this notice or it will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

JESSIE G. BRIGHT,
Executor of Sarah Bright, dec'd.
April, 6th, 1893.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

I have this, 1st day of April, 1893, levied upon the lands described below in Pasquotank County for taxes due on same for 1891-2, and will sell the same at the Courthouse door in Elizabeth City, N. C., on Monday, the 1st day of May, 1893.

SALEM TOWNSHIP.

Elizabeth Overton, 20 acres, adjoining the lands of B B Johnson, Bluff Point road and others. Tax 76c, cost 1 85, total $2 61.

Magor Woodhouse, 202 acres, adjoining the lands of J C James and others. Tax 6 60, cost 1 85, total $8 45.

NIXONTON TOWNSHIP.

Aaron Johnson, adjoining the lands of R O Preyer, C W Hollowell's estate and others. Tax 62c, cost 1 85, total $2 47.

Kirk land, 186 acres adjoining the land of G W Brothers sr, Benjamin Pendleton and others. Taxes 12 27, cost 1 85, total $14 12.

W E Overton, 8 acres, a full description will be given on day of sale. Taxes 2 33, cost 1 85, total $4 18.

MT HERMON TOWNSHIP.

Whit Lewis, 4 acres adjoining land of H C Perry and others. Taxes 20c, cost 1 85, total $2 05.

D Raper heirs, 160 acres adjoining lands of Magor Bell heirs, Main road and others. Taxes 7 92, cost 1 85, total $9 77,

Brush & Averill, 12566 acres adjoining lands of J C Price & Co. E W Sanderlin and others. Taxes 69 08, cost 1 85, total $70 93.

J R Wood's estate, 50 acres adjoining lands of Magor Bell heirs and others. Taxes 1 65, cost 1 85, total $3 50.

PROVIDENCE TOWNSHIP

Alexander White, 25 acres, a full description will be given on the day of sale,

ELIZ. CITY TOWNSHIP.

Joshua Neal, 2 town lots adjoining the lots of Riley Lee and others. Taxes 4 48, cost 1 85, total $6 33.

Alfred Turner, 1 town lot corner of Ehringhause and Purse streets. Taxes 1 65, cost 1 85 total $3 50.

Also at the same time will sell the following property for taxes due the Corporation, levied upon by Thomas Spires, Town Constable.

Mrs C A Pool, 1 town lot on Ehringhause street, adjoining W T Love and Jerry Sawyer. Taxes 1 29, cost 1 85, total $3 14

Danie Godfrey, 1 lot on south end of Road street. Taxes 57c, cost 1 85, total $2 42,

T. P. WILCOX,
Sheriff Pasquotank County.
April 1st, 1893.

NORTH CAROLINA, } In the
Pasquotank County, } Superior Court.

John L. Munden, plaintiff,
vs.
Mary W. Munden, Penelope F. Munden, Lutie Ward and her husband Charles J. Ward, Charles M. Munden, Joshua W. Munden, Clarence B. Munden and M. B. Culpepper, Guardian ad Litem,

The defendants will take notice that the above named plaintiff has filed a petition in the Superior Court of Pasquotank County for the sale for partition of certain lot of land and improvements thereon in Elizabeth City, N. C., belonging to the estate of the late Mary A. Munden, mother of said plaintiff and defendants. Said premises to be sold and the proceeds to be divided among the heirs at law of the deceased. And the said defendants, especially Mary W. Munden, who is a non-resident of this State, will take notice that they are required to appear at the courthouse in Pasquotank County on the 20th day of April 1893 and answer the complaint in this cause filed in the clerk's office of said court, or demur to the same, or the relief prayed for will be granted.

Signed at office in Elizabeth City, N. C, March 4th, 1893.

J. P. OVERMAN
Clerk Superior Court.

WILLIS H. ROGERS,
Wholesale Commission

FISH DEALER,
106 FULTON MARKET,
New York.
North Carolina Shad a Specialty.
Stencils furnished at a moment's notice.
Reference:—Guirkin & Co., Bankers, Elizabeth City, N C, and other Financils when desired.

CALEB HALEY & CO
Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
FRESH FISH.

14 Fulton Fish Market,
New York.
Write for stencils and stationary.

S. B. MILLER,
WHOLESALE
Commision FISH Dealer

7 FULTON FISH M'KT
New York
North Carolina Shad a specialty
Stationery and Stencils furnished on application.

A. W. HAFF,
Successor to
Lanphear & Haff,
Wholesale Commission Dealer

In Fresh Fish Lobsters
Etc., Etc.
NO. 12 FULTON FISH MARKET
NEW YORK.
North Carolina Shad a Specialty.
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Wholesale Commission Dealers in
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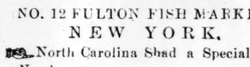

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BALTIMORE, MD.
Promptness Our Motto.

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Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
FRESH FISH,

LOBSTERS, TARRAPIN, GREEN TURTLE, &c.,
No. 8 Fulton Wholesale Fish Market,
NeW York.
Consignments solicited. Prompt returns. Established Fifty years. Letters answered.

S. L. STORER & CO.
Wholesale Commission Dealers and Shippers of all kinds of
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Lobsters, Turtle, &c
No. 19, Fulton Fish Market,
NEW YORK
Stencils and Stationary furnished on application.

DAVENPORT & MORRIS.
WHOLESALE GROCERS, COMMISSION MERCHTS

And Dealers in Fish
RICHMOND, VA

Consignments of North Carolina Herring solicited, and proceeds remitted in cash On account of our intimate acquaintance and frequent transactions with the Grocery trade of the West and South we are able to handle North Carolina Fish to the very best possible advantage, and we are known everywhere as the largest distributors in this market

W. L. DOUGLAS
$3 SHOE FOR GENTLEMEN.

And other specialties for Gentlemen, Ladies, Boys and Misses are the
Best in the World.
See descriptive advertisement which will appear in this paper.
Take no Substitute, but insist on having W. L. DOUGLAS' SHOES, with name and price stamped on bottom. Sold by
FOR SALE BY FOWLER & CO.

-- P. EWELL, --
Practical Watch-maker and Jeweler
Will keep constantly on hand a fine line of Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Solid Silver and Plated Ware, &c. Any article not in stock will be furnished on short notice at reduced price. I guarantee to sell any article in my line as cheap, if not cheaper, than can be bought in any first-class establishment in the Northern cities. All goods guaranteed as represented upon forfeit of double price paid.
SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO REPAIRING, and all work guaranteed for twelve months.
SEE SIGN BIG WATCH
Water St, (next door to Overman's co
Elizabeth City, N. C.
10 Years Experience at Bench

NEW FURNITURE STORE
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We have opened a large first-class Furniture Store in the room recently occupied by J. Y. Old & son, on Water stree We have a large and nicely selected stock of all kinds of
FURNITURE
—AND—
FURNISHING GOODS
which will be sold at "bottom prices." Goods will also be sold on the stalment plan.
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World's Fair
Opens May 1st, Closes Oct. 31st.
Everybody Should See It!
ARE YOU GOING?
If so, reduce your expenses by calling at our office and getting a membership ticket in the
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Of Washington, D. C.
ENTIRE COST ONLY $1.00.
Subscribers of this paper will be given the first chance to secure tickets allotted to us.
THE ALLIANCE
Is an organization incorporated under the laws of Congress at Washington, D. C., by well-known citizens to enable its members to visit the Columbian Exposition at reduced rates, and also to provide Headquarters at Chicago for the use of members *free of cost*, where they may send telegrams, mail, baggage, etc., meet friends by appointment, register for identification, cash checks, money orders, etc., secure accommodations in advance by letter or telegram without fear of extortion at reduced rates guaranteed reputable in every way by the Alliance, and also receive a discount on same.
For references the directors refer to any Hotel Proprietor, Bank or Business Man in Washington, also any Senator or Member of Congress. Send for circulars. Agents wanted everywhere, good pay. Address, enclosing stamp, Lorenzo G. Warfield, Box 401 Washington, D. C. Mention this paper.

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STANDARD PONY MILL
WITH VARIABLE FEED.

YOU WANT ONE
If you are cutting logs. This Mill has from 20 to 30 per cent. greater capacity than any ordinary Mill, and is the only variable feed mill awarded a first-class prize at the New Orleans World's Exposition. Correspond with us and we will inform you all about its many advantages.
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No. 333. **The Hidden Jewels.** By Jane G. Austin.
No. 332. **The Cuban Heiress.** By Mary Kyle Dallas.
No. 331. **A Marriage at Sea.** By W. Clark Russell.
No. 270. **He Went for a Soldier.** By John Strange Winter.
No. 73. **The Holy Rose.** By Walter Besant.
No. 328. **My Fellow Laborer.** By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 327. **Self-Doomed.** By R. L. Farjeon.
No. 326. **The Bottle Imp.** By Robert Louis Stevenson.
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No. 271. **Simon Derrick's Daughter.** By M. T. Caldor.
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No. 79. **A Dead Heart.** By the author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 77. **Dark Days.** By Hugh Conway.
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Grand offer to the Subscribers to the CAROLINIAN. By special arrangements with the publishers of *Choice Reading for the one Circle*, we are enabled to make to our subscribers and readers the following extraordinary offer: We will send any **25 books** selected from the above list, all postage prepaid, also the CAROLINIAN for ONE YEAR upon receipt of only **Two Dollars**, which is but fifty cents more than our regular subscription price. This is a great offer, a wonderful bargain, and it is a pleasure to us to be able to afford our readers so remarkable an opportunity. Through this extraordinary offer we hope to largely increase our circulation. Please tell all your friends that they can get 25 Standard Books with year's subscription to our paper for only $2. Perfect satisfaction is guaranteed to all who take advantage of this great premium offer. Those whose subscription have not yet expired who renew now will get the books at once, and their subscriptions will be extended one year from date of expiration. Address all letters: PALEMON JOHN, Elizabeth City, N. C.

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Every Machine has a drop leaf, fancy cover, two large drawers, with nickel rings, and full set of Attachments, equal to any Singer Machine sold from $40 to $60 by Canvassers. The High Arm Machine has a self-setting needle and self-threading shuttle. A trial in your home before payment is asked. Buy direct of the Manufacturers and save agents' profits besides getting certificates of warrantee for five years. Send for machine with name of a business man as reference and we will ship one at once.
CO-OPERATIVE SEWING MACHINE CO.,
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WE PAY THE FREIGHT.

OUR NEW 1893 FLOWER SEED OFFER.
A Magnificent Collection of FLOWER SEEDS 200 Varieties, FREE!

An Unparalleled Offer by an Old-Established and Reliable Publishing House. The Ladies' World is a large 16 page, 56-column illustrated Magazine for ladies and the family circle. It is devoted to stories, poems, ladies' fancy work, artistic needlework home decorations, housekeeping fashions, hygiene, juvenile reading etiquette, etc. To introduce this charming ladies' paper into 100,000 homes where it is not already taken, we now make the following *colossal offer*: Upon receipt of only **12 Cents** in silver or stamps, we will send **The Ladies' World for Three Months**, and to each subscriber we will also send **Free** and postpaid, *a large and magnificent Collection of Choice Flower Seeds, two hundred varieties* including Pansies, Verbenas, Chrysanthemums, Asters, Phlox Drummondii, Balsam, Cypress Vine, Stocks, Dianthus, Double Zinnia, Pinks, etc., etc. Remember, twelve cents pays for the magazine three months and this entire magnificent Collection of Choice Flower Seeds, put up by a first-class Seed House and warrantee fresh and reliable. No lady can afford to miss this wonderful opportunity. We guarantee every subscriber many times the value of money sent, and will refund your money and make you a present of both seeds and Magazine if you are not satisfied. Ours is a old and reliable publishing house, endorsed by all the leading newspapers. We have received hundreds of testimonials from pleased patrons during the past five years: "*I had beautiful flowers from the seeds you sent me two years ago, and from experience know the seed are exactly as advertised.*"—Mrs. N. C. Bayum, Dana, Wis "*Myself and friends have sent for various things advertised & grow, and have found them to be entirely satisfactory.*"—M. J Davis, Brooklyn, N.Y. Mrs. Henry Ward Beecher (a regular subscriber), and Grace Greenwood, each ordered our seeds last season. Do not confound this offer with the cash penny schemes of unscrupulous persons. *Write today*—don't put it off! Six subscriptions and six Seed Collections sent for 60 cents.
SPECIAL OFFER! To any lady sending us 12 cents for above offer, and *naming the paper in which she saw this advertisement*, we will send, *free*, in addition to all the above, one packet of the celebrated **Eckford Sweet Peas**, embracing the newest varieties, including Recreation, Invincible Eckford, Splendor, The Queen, Orange Prince, Apple Blossom, etc. Sweet Peas are the most popular and fashionable bouquet flowers now cultivated, and the Eckford Varieties which we offer, are the largest, finest and most celebrated known. They grow to the height of 6 feet, and produce for three months a continuous profusion of fragrant blooms of the most brilliant coloring.
ANOTHER GREAT OFFER! Upon receipt of **Thirty-five Cents** (our regular subscription price) we will send **The Ladies' World for One Year**, together with our magnificent Collection of Choice Flower Seeds above described, likewise one packet of the extensively advertised and justly celebrated Eckford Sweet Peas. Address
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THE PEOPLE'S REMEDY. PRICE 25c
Salvation Oil "Kills all Pain." 25c at Only 25c.

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There is no safer or better investment for small or large sums of money than the stock of
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This Company owns some of the most valuable patents ever issued by the United States Government for Electric Lighting, Electric Batteries, Electric Motors, Electric Dynamos, and many other valuable
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can be carried about the house and used the same as a kerosene lamp. There is no smoke, no smell no danger, and you have a Beautiful Electric Light instead of the fluttering, smoky light of an oil lamp or a gas jet.
The Wright Universal Electric Company has two large factories, both running to their full capacity, and they are unable to fill their many orders on time. Hundreds of orders are turned away because the goods cannot be made. The Company *must* have more factory facilities, and for that reason it is compelled to sell a limited amount of Treasury Stock. There is nothing which pays such
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MAKE MONEY
as any electric stock which has ever been offered to the public. The Wright Universal Electric Stock will increase in value every month, and the price will be raised every month. You will never again see the time when you can buy it as low as we are now offering it. If you want to buy a stock which will afford perfect safety and pay big profits send for our prospectus and catalogue to-day, with price of stock, terms of payment and full particulars of our business. Address
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DIRECTORY.

THE CITY.

Mayor—W. C. Glover Commissioners—W. C. Davis Geo. W. Cobb, C. W. Overman, B. L. Banks and W. G. Underwood, Clerk—E. M. Underwood. Treasurer—G. D. B. Pritchard, Constable and Collector—Thomas Spires. Attorney—W. J. Griffin. Street Commissioner—Monroe Bright. Fire Commissioners—C. E. Kramer and G. Scott Bell.

Collector of Customs—James C. Brooks. Postmaster—C. Guirkin.

Examining Surgeons of Pensions—Drs. J. E. Wood, W. W. Griggs and W. J. Lumsden, Meet on the 1st and 3rd Wednesdays of each month at corner of Road and Church streets.

CHURCHES.

Methodist—Rev. J W. Stiff, Pastor' Baptist—Rev. C. S. Blackwell, Pastor' Episcopal—Rev. L. L. Williams, Rector' Presbyterian—Rev. F. H. Johnston, Pastor.

COLORED. Methodist—Rev. M. P. Hawkins, Pastor. Baptist, Corner Stone—Elder Z. H. Berry, Pastor. Olive Branch—Elder J. A. Faulk, Pastor.

LODGES.

Masonic: Eureka Lodge, No. 317—Dr. W. W. Griggs W, M., D. B. Bradford Sec'y, and D. S. Kramer Treasurer.

Odd Fellows: Achoree Lodge, No. 14—Monro Bright, N. G., H. O. Hill, Sec'y, J. F. Sanders, Treasurer,

Royal Arcanum: Tiber Creek Council No. 1269—J. Selby Harney, Regent T. B. Wilson, Vice Regent; E. M. Underwood, Orator; J. P. Overman, Secretary. F. M. Cook Jr. Collector; W. J. Woodley, Treasurer; N. R. Parker, Chaplain; W. C. Simons, Warden; W. W. Mann, Sentry; C. Guirkin, Jr., Guide; C. E. Kramer, Representative to Grand Council.

American Legion of Honor J. D. Fulmer, Commander; Zenas Fearing, Secretary, G. W. Bell, Treasurer.

Knights of Honor—John H. Engle, Dictator; J. H. Burgess, Reporter; J. P. Overman, Treasurer.

U. S. Benevolent Fraternity—J. F. Sanders, President; C. E. Kramer, Recording Secretary; C. A. Banks, Financial Secretary; T. B. Wilson, Treasurer.

THE COUNTY.

Commissioners: G. M. Scott, Chairman; Elisha Lister, Elliott Whitehurst, Rufus Scott, M. W. Buffkins. Sheriff, Tho's P. Wilcox. Superior Court Clerk, John P. Overman. Register of Deeds, M. B. Culpepper Treasurer, Jno. S. Morris. Board of Education. R. B. Creecy jr., N. E. Jones and J. D. Perry. Superintendent of Public Instruction, W. J. Griffin.

PROFESSIONAL.

ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW.

C. C. Pool,	Carolinian Building.
J. W. Albertson, jr.	Elliott street,
G. W. Ward,	Elliott street,
J. Heywood Sawyer,	Main street,
E. F. Aydlett,	Mathews street.
W. J. Griffin,	Main street.
J. W. Albertson, sr.	Elliott street.
J. C. Brooks,	Carolinian Building.
E. F. Lamb,	Main street
C. W. Grandy,	Mathews street.
E. M. Underwood,	Main street.
Frank Vaughan,	Carolinian Building.

PHYSICIANS:

W. J. Lumsden,	Road street,
W. W. Griggs,	Church street,
R. N. Cartwright,	Water street,
J. E. Wood,	Church street,
O. G. McMullan,	Pennsylvania Ave.
J. B. Griggs,	Water street

DENTISTS:

J. H. White,	East Main street,
R. B. Swindell,	Water street.

DRUGGISTS:

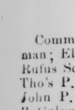
Alex Wadsworth,	Road street,
J. E. Wood,	East Main street,
Griggs & Cartwright,	Water street,
Etheridge & Bro.,	Main street,
O. G. McMullan,	North Water street.

SCHOOLS:

Academy,	S. L. Sheep, Prin'l.
Select School,	I. N. Tillett, "
Primary School,	Mrs. R. H. Reed "
State Normal (col.)	P. W. Moore, "

MISCELLANEOUS.

T.P. WHITE,



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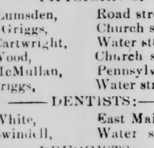
2d door North of Poindexter Street Bridge, near the Depot
Patching and Mending Rubber Boots a specialty.

GEO. W. BELL.
Gun-Smith,
At the Old Stand on Road Street
ELIZABETH City, N. C.

F. M. COOK,

JEWELER.
East Main Street,
ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Fred Davis,
DEALER IN COAL



COAL OF ALL SIZES AND OF BEST QUALITY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
All Orders filled Promptly.
All coal is screened before leaving the yard, Lowest prices guaranteed.
Office on Water street, Elizabeth City, N. C.

GOLD WATCHES.

Join the *LOUIS SELIG* SOLID GOLD WATCH CLUB and secure a handsome time-peice for the small payment of

$1 per week.

Club now being formed for both ladies' and gentlemen' sizes.

LOUIS SELIG,
Water St., near Market.

The North Carolinian.

Wednesday. April 19, 1893

☞Crops are growing.

☞Farm work progressing finely.

☞A large area of corn was planted last week.

☞The early planted peas are knee high and in bloom.

☞Blue fish, caught at Hatteras are being shipped North from here.

☞To get the local news you have got to take the CAROLINIAN.

☞Commence to save up your money, if you have any thought of visiting the World's Fair.

☞Some of our truckers expect to ship strawberries by the 25th, and peas about the 5th of May.

☞These are the days when that tired feeling steals over a man and causes him to long for somebody to carry him.

☞The managers of the Park Fair Association have decided to hold their sixth annual Exhibition on the 24th, 25th, 26th and 27th days of October.

☞Mr. B. Frank Keaton died at his home, on South Road street, on the 14th inst, aged 63 years. He had been in bad health for a number of years,

☞Judge Seymour opened Federal Court here yesterday morning. All the business was disposed of in time for him to leave on the evening steamer for Newberne.

☞One day last week Dr. W. R. Capehart, at one haul at his Avoca Fishery, caught 6,583 shad—the largest single haul he has made in over twenty years.

☞Mr. E. E. Etheridge, of Colerain, is hustling to get the place of Mr. W. G. Pool as Deputy Collector of Internal Revenue. There are a number of other very "hungry" aspirants—one or more in each county.

☞A new post office has been established in Camden county, called Riddle, and C. F. Tarksey has been appointed postmaster; and another in Gates county, called Vivian, Henry C. Williams postmaster,

☞Our former townsman, W. W. Fearing, has been appointed Mail Clerk on the Norfolk and Southern Road, to succeed M. R. Jones who who has been transferred to the route from Washington to Charlotte.

☞The editor of the CAROLINIAN does not expect all of his readers to fully agree with him in his politics. He asks that all ponder over and reflect on what he writes and see whether, after all, he isn't nearer right than some of them have been.

☞The seasons vary, and with them the "luck" of the fishermen. Last year, the most of the Netters above Croatan lost money, the main body of fish remaining in the waters below, and the fishermen from the Marshes to Hatteras were generally successful. This year all has been reversed. The fish left the lower and came into the upper waters, and the "catches" have been accordingly. The lower Netter have not made anything, while the most of those above have done well.

☞Professor Andrew McMillan and wife, of Utica, New York, who have been spending a couple of months here, left for home on Monday, very much benefited by their sojourn in our milder climate. Prof. McMillan has long been prominent in the educational work of his State, and for the past twenty-five years has been Superintendent of the public schools of his city, having a population of over 40,000. He is a genial and scholarly gentleman and favorably impressed all who met him and made his acquaintence. The letter in another column was written by him.

☞The editor paid a short visit the other day to the home and farm of Mr. O. F. Baxter a few miles down the River, and it was time pleasantly and satisfactorily spent. Mr. Baxter is an intelligent and thoroughly practical man and is an enthusiast in his vocation. He is demonstrating the truth of the doctrine the CAROLINIAN has long been preaching—that to succeed in farming *muscle must be directed by brain*. He is making what less than two years ago was considered about the poorest land in the county *the model farm*, both in appearance and fertility, in Eastern North Carolina. It is a wonderful and a complete transformation. He is showing what correct principles, improved machinery and properly managed labor can accomplish. What these do on his farm they may be made do on other farms Men like Mr Baxter are really public benefactors, in that their example inspire others to "do likewise." We shall have something to say in a future issue about the methods adopted, course pursued and results accomplished. In the meanwhile we advise as many of our farmer readers as can do so to visit Mr. Baxter's farm. It will benefit them.

☞Improvement comes by always selecting the best.

.... Melick's Baby Carriage from $5 up,

☞Don't reject a thing simply because it it new.

☞A thousand start and one wins. How does he do it? Usually by perseverance.

——You risk nothing in buying of Robinson & Co. All goods are warranted.

☞The CAROLINIAN observes that just now the office is busily engaged in dodging the mud.

☞Spending a dollar's worth of time in the attempt to cure a twenty-five cent chicken is poor business.

.....Wall Paper at Melick's; complete line and lowest prices. Country Merchants furnished with samples.

☞Do not tolerate a cruel, high-tempered man with your horses either in the field or on the road.

.....Try Robinson & Co.'s French Peas California Peaches, Cherries, Apricotts and Pears,

☞Soda is the best thing for cleaning tinware. Apply with a damp cloth, rub well and wipe dry.

☞A copy of Webster's large Unabridged Dictionary, with 3,000 illustrations, can be obtained at this office for $5.

——A nice assortment of fine black dress goods at reduced prices at Fowler & Co.'s If you can't call and examine send for samples.

☞There was a conflagration at Williamston on the 14th inst, destroying property to the amount of $12,000.

☞The legislature autorized a special election in Edenton for a new Market House. It was held on the 12th inst, and was defeated.

PHOTOGRAPHS. Mr. Viggo Lund, in charge of ENGLE'S PICTURE GALLERY, on Water street, is prepared to take all kind of Pictures in the latest and best styles, Call and examine specimens and get price

☞It is an old saying that "nothing touches a man so profoundly as his pocket." The CAROLINIAN would inquire, Isn't the *stomach* a like tender spot?

——A lot of boys suits at $1.25 a suit and a few boys overcoats at $1.25 each a Fowler & Co.'s to close, also a lot of broken sizes in men's suits that will be sold at cut price.

☞If a man has liver complaint, and is not too far gone, a hoe and a garden patch at this season will do him lots of good Try it.

——Ladies and Misses Newmarkets, $2.50 each at Fowler & Co.'s. They were carried over from last year and must be sold. Also a lot of children's cleaks, size from from four to six years, from $1.25 up.

☞The farmers who are successful are those who never lose sight of the fact that the farm is a home, and that everything done toward beautifying and impdoving the place is enhancing its value

—BEFORE YOU TRAVEL call upon M. B. Culpepper, Ticket Agent, Elizabeth City, N. C., or address Arthur G. Lewis, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, 76 Main street, Norfolk Va.

☞The Light House Board announces that a fixed white lens-lantern is now shown from each of the two structures recently erected inside of the entrance to North River, on the prolongation of the axis of the dredg'd cut across the bar.

——Our store is all Stove Up; that is to say we've got our stoves up for inspection in such quantity that they fill one side of our store. Robinson & Co.

☞Life is made up of petty details. The greatest events of history are the result of a combination of apparently insignificant trifles. It is true of business—of agriculture especially. The lack of success with many farmers can be traced directly to a disregard to the smaller details of their business.

First-Class Brick: The "Thompson Brick Works" manufacture the best brick for building and all other purposes made in this section. They are well burned and are "all right" in every respect. All orders promptly filled. Address F G Thompson, manager, Elizabeth City, N C

☞The following appointments of Postmasters have been made in this District to fill vacancies caused by resignations: W. Brickhouse, at Columbia; M. M. Alexander, at Cresswell; W H. Robinson, at Hatteras; W. S. Davenport, at Mackey's Ferry; C. D. Morgan, at Shawboro, and J. O. Proctor, at Grimesland.

—THE ROYAL BLUE LINE is the finest and fastest Railroad in the world. Address Arthur G. Lewis, Passenger and Ticket Agent, Norfolk, Va., or apply to M. B. Culpepper, Elizabeth City, N. C., for lowest rates to all points.

☞The farmer who fiddles away his time setting around on store boxes, telling what's the matter with the country, is very apt to be the owner of a rickety sort of a farm. If the time devoted to the discussion of political clap-trap were given to work at home, everything would be in first class shape, and excellent crops would result.

☞The early planted corn and potatoes are coming up evenly.

☞Cotton at Norfolk: Good middling 8 3-16; middling, 7 7-8; low middling 7 7-16; goodordinary, 7-715. Corn, 50

☞The hotel at Avoca, near Capehart's Fishery, was destroyed, with its contents, on the 9th inst. Loss estimated $4,500. No insurance.

☞From a few more letters we quote as follows:

The CAROLINIAN is as good as ever and is a model paper

I take four other papers and would sooner give up all the rest than the CAROLINIAN.

I appreciate the tone and character of the CAROLINIAN, and I always read it with interest.

LOCAL MENTION

Croakers to the rear; live men to the front.—Work for a definite purpose.—Mr. Geo. W. Cobb has been re-appointed Notary Public.—Mr. D. Barcliff, of Winston, has been spending several days here on a visit to his son on Elliott street.—Some men appear to be happier when most in debt, because their credit is so bad they cannot even borrow trouble.—The Versifier asks:

Oh, why should the spirit of mortal be proud,
In a country like ours, where it isn't allowed,
For a man, who one time in office has been,
To never again have a chance to get in?

--Thanks to Mr. George D. Pool for a big bunch of radishes, He has lots of 'em for market.—Rev. Dr. Johnston, after a week's absence in organizing Presbyterian Churches at Aurora and at Mackey's Ferry, has returned.—No man need be ashamed to take a suggestion.—Where, oh! where are those Democratic "brooms" that were going, all at once. to make such a "clean sweep?"—Mr. Louis Selig, the popular jeweler, has contracted with Messrs. Schilcott & Bramble to build him a handsome residence on his lot corner of Road and Mathews streets. Ground has already been broken.—Furniture for the new public school building having been ordered, there is hope that the school will soon be opened.—Mrs. R. J. Mitchell has been on a visit to her former home at Edenton.—It is impossible for anybody to have too many of the necessaries of life.—The Satirist rhymes it thus:

Little drops of water and little bits of chalk,
Make the milkmen wealthy and the buyers talk.

in a manner unfit for publication.—The colored Presbyterians have organized a Church here.—William Gordon, a prominent colored citizen here, has returned from an extended visit to New York.—Messrs. Bob Temple and Charlie Scott have organized a Skating Rink at Edenton.—The phenologist is a man who goes ahead without waitiing to be sure he is right.—It is not always the woman who is most admired who is the most admirable woman.—J. W. Albertson, jr., has been elected Captain of the Pasquotank Rifles, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Mayor Glover. He is thoroughly versed and well drilled in military tactics and will make a splendid officer.—It was one evening where certain "men about town" rendezvous. Said one, settling himself for a yarn, "I suppose you have all heard the old story about--" "Yes," in chorus said the crowd, "we've heard it." That ended it.—The Sentimentalist makes this report of the effects of a kiss:

He called her miss, and she called him mister,
They continued thus till one night he kissed her;
Then their bashfulness they perceived was folly,
Now he calls her Bess and she calls him Cholly!

—The steamer Riverside is at Pailin's Ways undergoing extensive repair.—There was a very pleasant Sociable at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Fulmer, on Main street, on Thursday night.—Figures never lie, but there are some awful liars among the fellows who do the figuring.—There was a meeting of the Epworth League at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. Y. Old, on West Church street, on Friday night.—The local Looker-on remarks that

The office-seeking hustlers are hustling more,
And some are hustling who never did before!

—Mrs. Emerson and children, of Portsmouth, Va, who have been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs Frank Vaughan, on Church street, have returned home.—There was good attendance at all the Churches on Sunday and excellent sermons in each —Capt C. Oden, of the schooner "Enterprise," was in port on Monday.—It is always "foot up or shut up" with the ledger.—Mr Henry C. Rogers, the popular Fish man from New York, who has been spending some weeks here, left for home on Monday.—Mrs Rev. J. W. Stiff has been summoned to visit her sick sister on the Eastern Shore There was frost here on yesterday morning —Lieut. Failing is not yet able to be out.—Mr. John D. Sikes, the obliging and popular telegraph operator, left yesterday for the Rendezvous at Norfolk. A number more are going.—Mr. J. Wilkins has his Shingle Factory, on Dry Point, in successful operation and making a nice shingle.—Mrs Pritchard, wife of City Treasurer G. D. B. Pritchard, died on Sunday, and her remains were taken to Camden yesterday for interment.—In consequence of the continued illness of Captain Spires, Mr. Samuel Modlin has been appointed Tax Collector.—U. S. Solicitor Cha's A. Cook, of Warrenton, and U. S. Marshal J. B. Hill, of Raleigh, were in attendance at the Federal Court Both called and paid their respects to the CAROLINIAN. They have proven faithful and capable officers.—The schooner "Brant," now belonging to the "Albemarle and Pamlico Cruising and Hunting Association," is on Willey's Ways for overhauling.—Col A. L. Jones was selected as Foreman of the Federal Grand Jury.—The "Fire-laddies" were out on practice yesterday afternoon.—We acknowledge pleasant calls from frieuds from the several counties who were at Court this week.—Judge Seymour, of Newberne, called and paid his respects last evening.

See the Worlds Fair for Fifteen Cents

Upon receipt of fifteen cents in postage stamps, we will mail you prepaid our "Souvenir of the World's Columbian Exposition," the regular price of which is 50 cts, but as we want you to have one, we make the price nominal. You will find it a work of art and a thing to be prized It contains full page views of the great buildings, with descriptions of same, and is executed in the highest style of art. If not satisfied with it, after you get it, we will refund the stamps and let you keep the book. Address, H. E. Bucklen & Co, Chicago, Ill.

Dr. B. F. Dixon, President of the Greensboro Female College, has announced his resignation, to take effect in June. He will be succeeded by Dr. F. L. Reid, editor of the Raleigh Christian Advocate.

Neuralgic Persons

And those troubled with nervousness resulting from care or overwork will be relieved by taking *Brown's Iron Bitters.* Genuine has trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper

Hemi-half. Crania-scull. Hemicrania. Half a headache, that heretofore incurable pain on one side of the head, known as Me-grim, Megrimine a cure for Megrim and all forms of Headache, Neuralgia, or other Severe and Painful Attacks,
Cures Permanently.

FOR SALE BY JOHN L. SAWYER, Water Street. Elizabeth City, N. C,

GRAND MONEY CROPS.

Highly Improved Field Seed.

To raise pork for 2½ cents per pound you should plant the Improved Jerusalem Artichoke, quite distinct from the common pickling kind; little or no trouble to cultivate; suits any section of the U. S.; yields 400 to 1000 bushels per acre; an acre in them will fatten 30 to 40 head large hogs, Price, 3 lbs., post-paid, 75c; by express or freight as follows: Peck $1; half bushel $1.50, bushel $2.50, barrel of three bushels $6. A barrel is required to plant an acre. Full directions for cultivating, feeding &c. with every order.

We have the "Farmer's Pride" field corn, highly improved by ourselves for 27 years past, acknowledged by leading Agricultural Experiment Stations and thousands of leading farmers to be the best, prettiest and most prolific corn known. Quite early, matures in 100 days; pure white, has large very deep grained ears; grains are very flinty; weighs 60 pounds to the bushel, often shells over a pound of corn from a single ear; grains are nearly an inch long, very wide and flinty, It has taken over 50 first-class premiums in different corn-growing States in the past seven years. Last, but not least, we guarantee it to make at least a fourth more per acre on same quality of land than if planted in any other crop. Notice this. We will give $100.00 in cash for a sample of better white field corn. Prices: Samples 10c, package of half pound 25c, three pounds $1, post-paid. By freight or express as follows: Half peck $1, peck $1.50, half bushel $2.50, bushel $4. All over this amount at one time $3.50 per bushel.

We have also the wonderful Texas Paper Shell Pecan Trees, perfectly hardy anywhere an oak or hickory grows. Nuts three times the size of the ordinary hard shell. Fine one year trees by express $1 for three, $3 per dozen; 27 enough for an acre; $6 per 100, or more 20c each,

If you wish to see a full descriptive circular of all our specialties before ordering send your address on a postal card at once. This adv is for scientific pushing farmers who know the value of good seeds and know that to read is well, to act is better. In ordering do not send stamps, we have more now than we can use, Satisfaction guaranteed in every respect or money refunded. Address at once:

CAROLINA SEED CO.,
Elizabeth City, N. C.

☞Headquarters at Etheridge & Etheridge's Drug Store, Corner of Main and Poindexter streets.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter. Chapped Hands, Chilblains Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cts per box. FOR SALE BY A. WADSWORTH

FRED. H. ZIEGLER,
Successor to JOHN H. ZIEGLER.
Dealer in all Kinds of
Undertakers' Supplies,
From the cheapest to the best. All telegrams promptly attended to.
CRAPES AND COOLING BOARDS
when desired. The finest Hearse in this section. Rosewood, Walnut, cloth-covered and Metalic Caskets a specialty. At the old stand on Ehringhause street.
All kinds of Cabinet work done.

- PATENTS. -

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OUR OFFICE is opposite the U. S. Patent Office, and we can secure patents in less time than those remote from Washington

Send model, drawing or photo., with description. We advise if patentable or not free of charge. Our fee not due until patent is secured.

A PAMPHLET, "How to obtain Patents" with names of actual clients in any State sent free. Address,

C. A. Snow & Co.
OPPOSITE PATENT OFFICE,
Washington, D. C.

COMPLETE MANHOOD AND HOW TO ATTAIN IT.

At last a medical work that tells the causes, describes the effects, points the remedy. This is scientifically the most valuable, artistically the most beautiful, medical book that has appeared for years; 96 pages, every page bearing a half-tone illustration in tints. Some of the subjects treated are Nervous Debility, Impotency, Sterility, Development, Varicocele, The Husband, Those Intending Marriage, etc.

Every Man who would know the Grand Truths, the Plain Facts, the Old Secrets and New Discoveries of Medical Science as applied to Married Life, who would shun the past follies and avoid future pitfalls, should write for this WONDERFUL LITTLE BOOK.

It will be sent free, under seal, while the edition lasts. If convenient enclose ten cents to pay postage alone Address the publishers

ERIE MEDICAL CO.,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

TRAVEL & TRANSPORTATION.

Norfolk and Southern R. R.

Schedule in Effect March 1st, 1893.

Norfolk & Southern R. R. Mail and Express Trains, Southbound, daily (except Sundays,) leave Elizabeth City at 11.35 A. M., and at 5.50, P. M. Northbound, daily except Sundays leave Elizabeth City at 2.45 P. M., and 9 A. M. Both trains arrive at and depart from Norfolk and Western Depot, Norfolk, connect at Norfolk with all rail and Steamer lines, and at Cienlph with Steamers for Roanoke, Cashie, Chowan and Scuppernong Rivers. Transfer steamer to Macaey's Ferry, thence by N. & S. R. R. to Rose, Raleigh and Beufaven; connecting with steamer Haven leave for Aurora, Makelyville, South Creek, Washington and intermediate landings.

Through tickets on sale and baggage checked to all principal Points.

EASTERN CAROLINA DISPATCH

FAST FREIGHT & PASSENGER LINE.

The new and elegant Steamer Neuse leaves Elizabeth City every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 6.00 P. M. for Newberne, connecting with line A. & N. C. R. R. for Goldsboro, with the Atlantic Coast Line for Wilmington, Charleston, &c, and with the R. & D. R. R. train for Raleigh, Greensboro, &c. Returning, leaves Newberne Monday, Wednesday and Friday, stopping at Roanoke Island going and returning.

Tickets on sale on board Steamer for Kinston, Goldsboro and Morehead City,

Daily all rail service between Elizabeth City and New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Norfolk.

Through cars, and as low rates and quicker time than by any other route

Direct all goods to be shipped via Eastern Carolina Dispatch as follows: From Norfolk by Norfolk & Southern R. R., Baltimore, by P. W. & B. R. R., President street Station; Philadelphia, by Pennsylvania R. R., Dock street Station; New York by Pennsylvania R. R., Pier 27 North River.

For further information apply to T. Selby Harney, Agent Elizabeth City, or to the General Office of the Norfolk & Southern Railroad; Norfolk, Va,

M. K. KING, General Manager. H. C. HUDGINS, Gen. Frt. & Pas. Agt.

Hotels.

New Albemarle House,
C. W. Grice & Bro, Props.
Corner Main and Road Sts,
Elizabeth City, N C.

First-class Hotel. Elegant Rooms, Good Table, Polite Attention. Electric Bells and Lights.

TERMS:—$2 and $2.50 Per Day.

HOTEL MERRIAM.
WATER STREET,
Elizabeth City, N. C.
SITUATED IN THE BUSINESS PART OF THE CITY.
J. E. MERRIAM, Proprietor.

EAGLE HOTEL.
HERTFORD, N. C.
Joseph S. Long, Proprietor.

Free Hack to and from Depot to passengers stopping at Hotel

Special attention paid to the Comfort of Guests, Table well supplied, Rooms clean and tidy. Charges moderate.

WOODARD HOUSE
EDENTON, N. C.

This well-established HOTEL still offers first class accommodations to the traveling public.
FIRST CLASS BAR ATTACHED
Sample Room for Traveling Salesmen and Conveyances Furnished when Desired
Free Hacks to all Trains and Steamers
Terms Reasonable.
J. L. ROGERSON, Proprietor

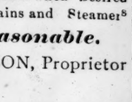
Ripans Tabules.

Ripans Tabules are compounded from a prescription widely used by the best medical authorities and are presented in a form that is becoming the fashion everywhere.

Ripans Tabules act gently but promptly upon the liver, stomach and intestines; cure dyspepsia, habitual constipation, offensive breath and headache. One tabule taken at the first symptom of indigestion, biliousness, dizziness, distress after eating, or depression of spirits, will surely and quickly remove the whole difficulty.

Ripans Tabules may be obtained of nearest druggist.

Ripans Tabules are easy to take, quick to act, and save many a doctor's bill.



DRUM MAJOR.
OF THE **Grocery Business.**

RIGHT AT THE HEAD OF THE PROCESSION!
EXTREME LOW PRICES! FAIR SQUARE DEALING!
16 oz. Pounds.
DOING JUST AS WE ADVERTISE!
KEEPING GOOD THINGS TO EAT FOR EVERYBODY!

Putting Go in attractive style. Cleanliness and promptness. Buying for cash and selling for cash. These are a few of the many reasons for our

GETTING THERE!

Our music is a little hard for some of our brother grocers to dance to, but we can't help that. They are too slow. We can't wait. Life is too short. DON'T BE A SNAIL, Join the procession; Go with the crowd and buy your.

Groceries, Hardware, Stoves, Tin-ware, Paints, Oil, Rope, Twine, Hay, Lime, Plaster Hair, Shingles, &c.

ROBINSON & CO.
Water Street, - - - Elizabeth City, NC

WE POINT WITH PRIDE!

To one of the nicest new stores and the largest line of afresh new seasonable novelties ever brought to this section of the Old North State. We are now located in our new quarters on Water Street, near the corner of Main, and have just returned from the factories with the

LARGEST LINE OF CLOTHING,

DRY GOODS, NOTIONS, SHOES, HATS TRUNKS, &c., it has ever been our pleasure to offer an appreciative public. We have done business in Elizabeth City for a number of years and fully understand what the people want. We have struck the nail on the head this year, both as to

LOWER PRICES AND HIGHER QUALITY!

We invite an inspection of these goods and promise satisfaction to each and every customer. Remember that we are now located in our new quarters on Water street near Main, where we will bid you a hearty welcome.

R. SALOMONSKY

J. B. FLORA. JAS. G. MORRISETTE.

J. B. FLORA & CO.

AGENT FOR DUPONT'S POWDER { "EVERYBODY SAYS" } TOBACCO AND SNUFF AT FACTORY PRIC

That business has been dull and money scarce during the last six months, Notwithstanding this our business has been larger than for any six months since we began, and continues to increase.

Here's Food for Thought

in this condition of things. The reason for it is of great interest to those who have families to provide for. We have been in this business and have done nothing else for twenty year and it is reasonable to suppose that we know our business, when and how to buy to be be served. We purchase in large lots direct from first hands, for cash only, and it will pay you

To Examine Our Stock of

Groceries, Tobacco, Snuff, Cigars, Hardware, Guns, Pistols, Cutlery. Paints, Oils, Lead Zinc, Varnishes and colors, Buggy and Cart Harness, Saddles, Whips, Ship Chandle Lime, Cement, Plaster, &c.

Quotations Cheerfully Given. - Lowest Prices Guaranteed.

New Store, Foot of Main Street, Elizabeth City N. C.

—THE LARGEST STOCK OF—
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND SHOES.
Ever shown in Elizabeth City are now open for your examination at

FOWLER & CO'S

WITH PRICES TO PLEASE BOTH AT WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

I PAY FOR THIS SPACE

Because I have something to say that is of interest to practical people,

Because I want to reach the knowing and progressive people of this vicinity.

Because people of this class are the people whose trade I desire to win.

THE BEST PEOPLE

are the thinking people. They know what they want. They are not to be won by mere irresponsible cackle. Fair dealing wins them, Once one they are staunch customers, not to be budged by bluster.

All thinking people are invited to make an examination of our goods, in order to be convinced of the fact that our low prices are consistent with a high grade of quality

MOSES WEISEL.
WATER ST. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

Furniure, Waers and Stationery.

☞I have constantly on hand a large and full assortment of☜
Household Furnishing Goods, Tin-ware, Wooden-ware, Table Cutlery Queens, Porcelain and French Decorated Ware, Chandeliers, Glassware, Wall-paper, Carpets, Oil-cloths, Glass, &c., &c.

Also Bibles, School Books, Poets and Novels at NEW YORK PRICES Albums, Sunday School Supplies and all kinds of Stationery very low
If you Want to Save Money Call and See Me

P W. MELICK.
Water Street, Elizabeth City, N. C

IF YOU WANT INFORMATION ABOUT
PENSIONS
Address a letter or postal card to THE PRESS CLAIMS COMPANY, JOHN WEDDERBURN, - - Managing Attorney, P. O. Box 463. WASHINGTON, D. C.
PENSIONS PROCURED FOR SOLDIERS, WIDOWS, CHILDREN, PARENTS.
Also, for Soldiers and Sailors disabled in the line of duty in the regular Army or Navy since the war. Survivors of the Indian wars of 1832 to 1842, and their widows, now entitled. Old and rejected claims a specialty. Thousands entitled to higher rates. Send for new laws. No charge for advice. No fee until successful.

GALVANIZED WOVEN WIRE **FENCING** WIRE ROPE SELVAGE.

RAILROAD, FARM, GARDEN, Cemetery, Lawn, Poultry and Rabbit Fencing.
THOUSANDS OF MILES IN USE. CATALOGUE FREE. FREIGHT PAID.
THE McMULLEN WOVEN WIRE FENCE CO., 114, 116, 118 and 120 N. Market St., Chicago, Ill.

Oscar Browning, the Provost of King's College, Cambridge, England, was the first Englishman to cross the Alps on a tricycle.

Wanted.—5000 Pale People to buy 50c. Bottles of Forestine Blood Bitters of all dealers for 25c. Gives you Strength and Vigor with the Freshness of Youth.

Hatch's Universal Cough Syrup, most prompt, pleasant and effectual. 25 cents.

Beecham's Pills are better than mineral waters. Beecham's—no others. 25 cents a box.

Mr. Simeon Staples

Four Physicians Failed

A Running Sore Five Years

Hood's Sarsaparilla Perfectly Cured

"Taunton, Mass., Jan. 9, 1890.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

"I was troubled with a running sore on my ankle, the doctors pronouncing it salt-rheum. For 5 years during which time I employed 4 different physicians, I received very little, if any, benefit, and it continued to increase in size. I then commenced taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and using Hood's Olive Ointment, and at the end of 2 years I was completely cured, and have had no trouble with it since." SIMEON STAPLES, East Taunton, Mass.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla CURES

Hood's Pills cure liver ills, sick headache, jaundice, indigestion. Try a box. 25 cents.

"August Flower"

"I am happy to state to you and to suffering humanity, that my wife has used your wonderful remedy August Flower, for sick headache and palpitation of the heart, with satisfactory results. For several years she has been a great sufferer, has been under the treatment of eminent physicians in this city and Boston, and found little relief. She was induced to try August Flower, which gave immediate relief. We cannot say to much for it." L. C. Frost, Springfield, Mass.

Unlike the Dutch Process

No Alkalies —OR— Other Chemicals

are used in the preparation of

W. BAKER & CO.'S Breakfast Cocoa

which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

25 DOSES 25¢ THE GREAT TAKE THE BEST COUGH CURE 25¢ 50¢ & $1.00

SHILOH'S CURE.

Cures Consumption, Coughs, Croup, Sore Throat. Sold by all Druggists on a Guarantee.

THE KIND THAT CURES

PHELPS S. WELLS, Ft. Jackson, N. Y.

Scrofula and Salt Rheum Of 25 Years Standing, A BLOOD PURIFIER THAT CURES.

DANA SARSAPARILLA CO.,

GENTLEMEN:—I hereby certify that I have been a sufferer for **over 25 years** with **Scrofula** and **Salt Rheum.** Have employed many Physicians and expended many dollars in proprietary medicines, blood purifiers, alteratives, etc., etc., such as have been on the market for the last 25 years, **all of no avail or benefit,** and had given up hope that there was any help for me. With very little faith I purchased a bottle of your SARSAPARILLA of my Druggist, which I made him guarantee if I was not benefited he should refund the money. I left the store thinking I should call and get my money later. No hope of any benefit as no medicine or treatment seemed to reach my case. I had not taken more than **one-half** of one bottle when to my surprise I found it was **helping me.** Have taken **two bottles** and am **CURED.** The **Scrofula Sores** are **all healed** and I feel like a new man. I recommend

DANA'S SARSAPARILLA

to all who wish a **Blood Purifier that Cures.** Yours very truly, PHELPS S. WELLS.

Ft. Jackson, St. Lawrence Co., N. Y.

GENTS:—Mr. Wells is well-known in this section and **his statement is true.** Respectfully, IRA A. SMITH, Nicholville, N. Y. Druggist.

Dana Sarsaparilla Co., Belfast, Maine.

Garfield Tea Overcomes results of bad eating, Constipation, Restores Complexion, Saves Doctors' Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 319 W. 46th St., N.Y.

Cures Sick Headache

PENSION JOHN W. MORRIS, Washington, D.C. Late Principal Examiner U.S. Pension Bureau. 3 yrs in last war, 15 adjudicating claims, atty since.

CURES RISING ∴ BREAST ∴

"MOTHER'S FRIEND" is the greatest blessing ever offered child-bearing woman. I have been a mid-wife for many years, and in each case where "Mother's Friend" had been used it has accomplished wonders and relieved much suffering. It is the best remedy for **rising of the breast** known, and worth the price for that alone. MRS. M. M. BRUSTER, Montgomery, Ala.

Sent by express, charges prepaid, on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Sold by all druggists. ATLANTA, GA.

THE PROTECTORATE ENDS

The United States Marines Withdrawn From Honolulu.

Hawaii's Flag Flies Over All the Government Buildings.

The Stars and Stripes, which for two months floated from the Government Building in Honolulu have been hauled down, the Hawaiian flag has been run up and the forces from the United States cruiser Boston have been sent aboard.

Nothing indicative of American authority remains in Honolulu save Minister Stevens and Commissioner James H. Blount.

Commissioner Blount held a long secret conference with President Dole and the Ministry at which he notified them of his intention to declare off the protectorate established by Minister Stevens, February 1.

It is understood that he gave as his reason therefor that the Washington Administration regarded the protectorate unnecessary, and thought it incompatible with diplomatic negotiations that might be arranged between the two countries.

The United States, however, would brook no interference in Hawaiian affairs by any foreign power. The Provisional Government somewhat reluctantly acquiesced in the Commissioner's decision.

This second act in the island drama came with hardly a warning on the morning of April 1. The day before Commissioner Blount had a conference with President Sanford B. Dole and told him that at 11 o'clock the next day the temporary protectorate would be withdrawn.

Rumors of this determination were soon spread, and on the morning of the 1st several thousand people were gathered about the Government building.

It had been rumored also as soon as the Stars and Stripes were lowered the colors of some other power would be hoisted, while another popular theory, based on rumors, was that the ex-Queen would at once demand the restoration of her power, and would back up the demand by arms.

The provisional leaders placed enough credence in this latter report to muster their forces to the number of four hundred and kept them under arms all night and the next day.

The volunteer forces turned out and drew up in front of the Government building while the ceremony of hauling down the flag was in progress.

Lieutenant Draper, of the Marine Corps, attached to the Boston, had to perform the duty of lowering his country's flag. At one minute past 11 the halyards moved slowly and the red, white and blue went down.

Instantly the Hawaiian colors fluttered to the top. There was hardly a murmur from the crowd. Silence prevailed as the American flag disappeared, and there were no cheers for Hawaii's restored colors.

Two days after this ceremony Mr. Blount had another conference with the provisional leaders, and assured them that no foreign powers would be allowed to take a hand in Hawaiian affairs pending the negotiations with Uncle Sam.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

MEXICO needs immigrants.

UNCLE SAM has 5,000,000 Welshmen.

EGYPTIAN murders are on the decrease.

THERE are 3000 wheelmen in St. Louis, Mo.

CHOLERA still reigns in Hamburg, Germany.

ILLINOIS women want the iris for their State flower.

THERE are now about 9000 telegraphic bureaus in France.

THE Hebrew colonies of New Jersey appear to be prosperous.

SIX THOUSAND persons sleep out of doors in London every night.

THIS year's orange crop in Southern California is the largest on record.

LONDON has 11,500 licensed public cabs; 2500 are driven by their owners.

MYRIAD swarms of newly-hatched locusts are causing consternation in Algiers.

THE National Guard of Pennsylvania will encamp at Chicago during the World's Fair.

THE Chinese Government contemplates a considerable extension of railroads this spring.

SAN FRANCISCO Germans sent Bismarck, on his seventy-eighth birthday, a redwood album.

A FRACTION of over 500 miles of new road was opened in the German Empire during the year of 1892.

DURING 1892 402,555 head of cattle were exported from this country, about 75,000 more than in 1891.

SATISFACTORY tests were made of a new explosive, which will probably replace gunpowder in the German army.

GRACE DARLING'S lifeboat, in which she accomplished the rescue that made her famous, has been shipped to the World's Fair.

Two enormous breaches in the banks of the Yellow River in China are reported to have occurred, a most unusual phenomenon in winter.

MELVIN GRAY, a tramp, recovered $1000 damages from the Omaha Railway. He claimed to have been kicked off because he could not pay his fare.

THE estimated lumber cut of Maine for 1892 is: Spruce, 491,811,627 feet; hemlock, 73,257,248; pine, 90,348,822; cedar, 42,504,701; hard woods, 3,177,147; total, 710,081,545 feet.

INFORMATION has been received announcing the death at Anadarko, Indian Territory, of Rev. Joshua H. Given, the only Indian educated at the Carlisle (Penn.) Training School who entered the ministry of the Presbyterian Church.

STATISTICS prepared by the Bureau of Statistics for the year ending February 29, show a balance of trade against the United States of $32,000,000, against a balance of $171,000,000 in favor of the United States for the previous year.

THE National Committee of the Single Tax League of the United States has called a National Single Tax Conference to meet in Chicago August 29. This will be the second National Conference of the believers in Henry George's theory.

THE Secretary of the Navy has selected "Ericsson" as the name of torpedo boat No. 2, being built by the Dubuque Iowa Iron Works. She is a twin-screw steel vessel of 120 tons displacement, and will probably be launched in a few months.

THERE are now over 63,000 postoffices of all classes in this country. Of this number about 3500 belong to the Presidential class. Pennsylvania takes the lead as having the largest number of postoffices, New York comes second and Illinois third.

THE United States Treasurer has issued his quarterly statement of the funded indebtedness of the District of Columbia, showing that it amounted March 31 to $18,649,900, a net reduction of $8,456,750 in principal and $301,574 in annual interest dues.

THE Austrian War Office has accepted the bullet-proof cloth invented by Herr Sylander, an engineer resident in Pressburg. The cloth is a third of an inch thick and is said to be much more pliable than that prepared for the German Government by the tailor Dowe, in Mannheim.

GOVERNMENT CROP REPORT.

The Condition of Winter Wheat 77.4 Against 81.2 Last Year.

The April report of the statistician of the Department of Agriculture makes the average condition of winter wheat on April 1, 77.4, against 81.2 last year. The average condition of rye is placed at 87.7.

The averages of the principal wheat States are: Ohio, 87; Michigan, 74; Indiana, 82; Illinois, 72; Missouri, 73, and Kansas, 62.

The average of these six States is 74.2 against 77 in April, 1892. The average is 88 in New York, 87 in Pennsylvania, 89 in Maryland and 87 in Virginia. The Southern States range from 84 in Tennessee to 100 in Texas.

The Pacific States show a favorable condition with the exception of California, where too much rain is reported.

Seeding was late in the Ohio and Mississippi valleys, because of widely prevalent drought, causing poor condition of soil and retarding germination, and, in some cases, wholly preventing the same, as in Kansas where the reports show a total failure over considerable areas. In the Atlantic, Middle, Southern and Pacific States seeding conditions were favorable.

The plant entered the winter in the main wheat producing States in a low state of vitality, caused by persistent drought and early cold weather.

THERE are now 23,600 miles of telegraph lines in Mexico. In the last six months 250 miles of railway have been constructed and there are now 61,000 miles all together. Plans have been made for five new railway companies. It is hoped that the Tehuantepec railway will soon be completed.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

FIVE inches of snow fell in the Mohawk Valley, New York, a few days ago.

GEORGE INGRAHAM SENEY, banker, philanthropist and art lover, died at the Grand Hotel in New York City. Heart failure was the immediate cause of death. He was born in 1826.

THE President, Secretary Gresham and Senator White spent a quiet day at Wilmington, Del., the home of Ambassador Bayard.

THE annual banquet of the New York Board of Trade and Transportation was given at Delmonico's. Over one hundred and fifty members and guests attended. Speeches were made by Governor Stone, of Missouri; ex-Secretary Fairchild, H. W. J. Ham, the Georgia humorist, and others.

GOVERNOR FLOWER signed Senator Parker's bill making April 27, 1893, the day of the naval parade in New York Harbor, a legal holiday throughout the State.

SATISFACTORY trials of the United States cruiser Detroit were made off Newport, R. I.

MANY houses were unroofed and several persons hurt by a tornado near Scranton, Penn.

ELLIE BRIGHTEN, aged eleven, of Weatherly, Penn., skipped rope 330 times and then died.

JOHN RYAN and David Freer were drowned in Rondout Creek, at Kingston, N. Y. They backed their team over the bank in turning around in the dark.

COLONEL ELLIOTT F. SHEPARD'S will was filed in New York City; his bequests for religious purposes aggregated $250,000.

South and West.

THREE small children of J. Nance were burned to death at Cumming, Ga., while their parents were at a neighbor's.

THE Right Rev. William Ingraham Kip, Bishop of California, is dead. He had been identified with the Episcopal Church since 1853. Of late years the aged Bishop had been infirm and almost blind. He was born in New York City October 3, 1811.

THE Northwestern State Bank of Sibley, Iowa, has closed its doors with liabilities of $150,000.

NEAR Owensboro, Ky., the Glenmore warehouses, with 15,000 barrels of whisky, were burned.

DAMAGE was done by wind storms in several Western States; there was a tidal wave in the Chicago River; a World's Fair hotel and the "Panorama" building in Chicago collapsed.

THE Texas House voted for impeachment of Land Commissioner McCaughey.

PRAIRIE fires have been raging in Nebraska.

WHITEFACED HORSE, the Sioux Indian Chief who accompanied Two Strike in his raid on Humphrey's ranch, in which four cowboys were killed, committed suicide at a camp on White River, Iowa, by shooting himself through the head.

A POURING rain quenched the fires that had been devastating the country near Portsmouth, Ohio. Over $300,000 worth of timber had been burned.

ANDREW CAMPBELL, a well-known farmer near Bangor, Mich., shot and killed his divorced wife and then took his own life. The couple had been living in the same house and became involved in a quarrel, which terminated in Campbell's desperate act.

THE first of the visiting foreign war vessels entered the Roads, Fortress Monroe, Va., and dropped anchor beside the White Squadron. She is a Russian cruiser and her name when translated into English is the General Admiral. Calls of ceremony were exchanged by the officers of the American and Russian ships.

NICHOLAS STEUER and his wife were killed by a train at Cumminsville, Ohio.

THE Russian cruiser Ryndia arrived at Hampton Roads, Va., the American fleet, except the Philadelphia, decided to execute additional manœuvres beyond the Capes.

FOUR THOUSAND workmen at the World's Fair, Chicago, Ill., went out on strike, the difficulty was settled in the evening.

MOST of the American fleet left Hampton Roads, Va., for a short practice cruise at sea.

J. JEFFCOATE, a farmer, living eight miles west of Pickens, Miss., was lynched by a mob for killing his wife. The body was then riddled with bullets.

Washington.

THE President withdrew the nomination of William T. Townes to be Consul at Rio Janeiro because Mr. Towne's name should have been sent in as Consul-General and not simply as Consul.

M. PATENOTRE, the French Minister to the United States, has received the credentials promoting him to the grade of Ambassador and raising the legation to the rank of an Embassy. A copy of these credentials has been furnished to Secretary Gresham.

THE President made the following nominations: Caleb D. West, of Utah, to be Governor of Utah; Dominic I. Murphy, of Washington, D. C., to be First Deputy Commissioner of Pensions.

THE United States has taken vigorous action in regard to the outrages on American citizens at Marsivan, in the Turkish dominions, and the violating of the mails of the United States legation. Secretary Gresham has cabled to Minister Thompson at Constantinople a strong expression of the President's views on the outrage, demanding not only prompt reparation for the burned seminary, but the punishment of all parties found guilty in the matter.

A NEW rapid-fire gun, the invention of Charles W. Sponsel, an employe of Pratt & Whitney, Hartford, Conn., was officially tested at the Naval proving grounds, Indian Head, near Washington. The tests were satisfactory.

THE President nominated ex-Senator Eustis, of Louisiana, to be Ambassador to France. Mr. Eustis was nominated to be Minister to France before France raised her legation at Washington to the dignity of an Embassy.

SECRETARY HOKE SMITH has given notice to the law clerks and other high-grade employes of the Interior Department that an expression of opinion to an outsider as to the probable solution of any question pending before the Department will be deemed sufficient cause for dismissal.

SECRETARY CARLISLE has appointed Herman Van Senden, editor of the Paducah (Ky.) Standard, his private secretary. Mr. Van Senden is thirty years of age.

THE Senate received the nominations of Edward H. Strobel for Third Assistant Secretary of State, Daniel N. Morgan for Treasurer of the United States, Conrad N. Jordan for Assistant Treasurer at New York, Daniel M. Browning for Commissioner of Indian Affairs and Frank C. Armstrong for Assistant Commissioner.

Foreign.

THE revolt in the Province of Catamarca, Argentina, is spreading and gaining power. Several encounters between Government troops and insurgents have been reported. Many were killed in the field on each side, and all the prisoners were shot.

IN EAST SUMATRA there has been fighting between the Dutchmen and the natives. The Dutch were victorious. They captured eight forts and many guns. They lost six killed and forty-five wounded. Sixty-three Achineses were killed.

STRIKING dock laborers in Hull, England, attacked non-union men and the officers of the Shipping Federation; they were dispersed by the police.

A SEVERE earthquake was felt in many parts of Servia. The village of Veliki Popovitch was tumbled into ruins and several inhabitants were killed. Deaths in wrecked houses were also reported from other villages.

THE caravel Santa Maria, arrival at Havana, Cuba, from Porto Rico. She was welcomed by cheering crowds at the docks.

THE Viking ship for the World's Fair sailed from Christiania, Sweden. She will cruise along the coast in order that the people may have an opportunity to see her, and early in May will sail from Bergen to the United States.

THE French Government has apologized to the German Ambassador in Paris for the detention of letters addressed to him by a German while in a French prison.

THERE were three deaths from cholera at Lorient, France; sixteen cases of the disease were reported in Galicia.

OSMAN DIGNA, the Dervish leader has made another raid in upper Egypt. He was repulsed by the Egyptian cavalry. The cavalry pursued Digna's forces and killed twelve of the Dervishes.

A BRITISH cruiser has seized a dhow carrying French colors, having on board sixty children which had been kidnapped from Zanzibar, African Arabs.

WORKMEN in Belgium went on strike because the Chamber of Deputies voted against universal suffrage.

IT is claimed by the Cleveland (Ohio) Leader that by the annexation of the suburban towns of West Cleveland and Brooklyn in the late election, the city of Cleveland will have, as soon as the legal formalities are ended, a population of 320,000. This will make it the largest city in Ohio and the ninth in the United States.

PROGRAMME OF PARADE.

Official Orders for the Naval Review in New York Harbor.

A General Outline of the Movements of Vessels.

The Secretary of the Navy has decided upon the official programme of the review of the United States and foreign ships of war, which by act of Congress will take place in New York Harbor on the 27th instant.

The men-of-war will be anchored in two columns, extending from Twenty-sixth street up the North River, the foreign ships on the New York side.

While the Dolphin, carrying the President of the United States, is passing between the columns, that portion of the North River between the American column and the New York shore will be closed and all the traffic and passage suspended. After the Dolphin has anchored at the head of the line vessels of all kinds may circle around the fleet, going up the New Jersey side of the river, but the passage between the two columns will be closed until the President has landed from the Dolphin and the review thereby terminated.

The President and members of the Cabinet will be received on board the Dolphin at 10:30 a. m. off Twenty-third street, North River. The Dolphin will then get under way, and, followed by the coast survey steamer Blake and the steamer Monmouth, will proceed up the river between the columns of United States and foreign men-of-war. The Blake will carry the members of the diplomatic corps. The Monmouth will carry the Judges of the Supreme Court, Senators and Representatives of the United States, and Governors of States, accompanied by one staff officer. No other invitations will be issued for the review.

The Dolphin, proceeding between the columns, will, as she passes the various ships, be saluted with the honors laid down by international treaties due to the Chief of State, and arriving at the head of the columns will anchor between them. The Blake will anchor at the head of the foreign and the Monmouth of the American column. The flag officers and the Captains of the men-of-war will then be received on board of the Dolphin and be presented to the President of the United States, who will entertain them at lunch. Lunch will at the same time be served on the Blake and Monmouth to the guests on board. The review will terminate by the return of the Dolphin, Blake and Monmouth through the lines, and when the President's flag is hauled down from the Dolphin it will be saluted with twenty-one guns by all the men-of-war present.

THE LABOR WORLD.

LONDON has 9000 sailors.

FARM hands are organizing.

THERE are 5000 union barbers.

ENGLAND has 1,000,000 union men.

THERE are said to be 20,000 union bakers.

CHICAGO has 2000 Brotherhood locomotive engineers.

UNCLE SAM employs 25,000 clerks in Washington.

THE machinists have 365 unions and 16,000 members.

NEW ENGLAND has gained 500 union carpenters in a month.

THE State of Washington is to hold an annual labor congress.

LONDON clothing houses are engaging many Polish Hebrews.

THE latest edict is that all White House employes must wear uniforms.

EMPLOYMENT is scarce and laborers are over-plentiful in South Australia.

IN New Mexico the Atlantic and Pacific Railroad has discharged all union hands.

THE labor war continues not only among the railroads but among manufacturers.

THE railroad service of the United States gives employment to about 1,000,000 people.

BRITISH miners, by a vote of 133,000 to 117,000, killed the project for a general shut down.

OVER 10,000 miners are out of employment owing to depression in the English coal trade.

KENTUCKY coal miners are charged $42 a year rental for houses that cost only $40 when built.

NEWS from South Australia shows that employment is scarce there and the number of unemployed great.

THERE are 1400 German union printers and $125,000 has been disbursed by the organization in eight years.

ALL idle men who are willing to work, in Seattle, Washington, are supplied with tools and set at wood chopping, for the city, at fair wages.

DURING last year 25,000 men were employed in the Krupp foundries. These, with their families, formed a community of 87,960 persons.

PROFESSOR LUCY M. SALMON, of Vassar College, has just completed an admirable study of the domestic labor problem, which is soon to be issued in book form.

BEN JEANS has been a passenger conductor on the Great Western Railway of England for fifty years, has traveled in that time 3,494,452 miles and has never met with an accident.

THERE are 45,000 union bricklayers in the United States and Canada. Union men say there are only 4000 non union men in both countries. They have $283,000 in treasury.

THE Minnesota Legislature has passed a bill declaring it a misdemeanor on the part of employers to require as a condition of employment the surrender of any right of citizenship.

THE employes of the Pennsylvania Railroad have raised $15,000 towards the erection of a building for their exclusive use in Philadelphia, Penn. The building is to be a model one and will contain reading, reception, bath rooms and a gymnasium, and otherwise will be nicely and comfortably furnished.

PENSION COMMISSIONER.

Judge William Lochren, of Minnesota, Successor to General Raum.

WILLIAM LOCHREN.

Judge William Lochren, of Minnesota, named to succeed General Raum as Commissioner of Pensions, is widely known in the Northwest, and popular. He is fifty-seven years of age, and was born in Vermont, where he was educated in the public schools and admitted to the bar. He went to Minnesota in 1857 and practised his profession, but when the war broke out he was one of the first men in the State to abandon his civil pursuits, and enlisted in the First Minnesota Regiment. His service during the war was severe, culminating at Gettysburg, where his regiment made the famous charge that checked Pickett's onslaught. Of the 300 men who made that charge only forty came out whole, and young Lochren, who started on the rush as a First Lieutenant of Company E, came out in command of the regiment, every officer above his grade having been killed or wounded. When the war was over Mr. Lochren returned to Minnesota and resumed the practice of law. He was popular and was twice the Democratic caucus nominee for a seat in the United States Senate. In 1889 he was appointed by a Republican Governor to a Judgeship on the circuit bench, and at the expiration of his appointment was twice re-elected to the same place without opposition. He has never sought office and his popularity is attested by the fact that, although he is a Democrat, his candidacy for the place for which he is nominated was indorsed by the unanimous vote of the Republican Legislature of Minnesota.

LONDON had on the last day of last month 100,775 paupers, and on that day 919 vagrants were "relieved." The total population at 4,211,056.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

SENATOR TURPIE, of Indiana, speaks eight languages.

COLONEL "TOM" OCHILTREE has arrived from Europe.

GERMANY'S CROWN PRINCE will be educated in the public schools.

THE Sultan of Turkey is an excellent pianist, and spends hours every day practicing.

A. C. BECKWITH, the new Senator from Wyoming, built the first frame house in Cheyenne.

REV. F. E. CLARK, the originator and President of the Christian Endeavor movement, is a Canadian by birth.

SECRETARY HERBERT is a hard worker. He often remains at the Navy Department until 7 p. m. answering letters.

GENERAL F. J. LIPPITT, of Washington, is the only survivor of the few who, standing at the grave, witnessed the interment of Lafayette.

AS British Minister at Washington, Sir Julian Pauncefote received $30,000 a year. As Ambassador to Washington his salary will be $50,000.

IT is said that until a year ago the people of the little town of Randolph, Mass., where Miss Mary E. Wilkins lives, had no idea that she was an authoress.

ATTORNEY-GENERAL OLNEY is a member of the Boston Athletic Association, and has the reputation of being one of the best tennis players in the country.

MRS. WELD declares in an article on Tennyson in the Contemporary Review that no clergyman was ever a more earnest student of the Bible than was the late Poet Laureate.

THE King of Greece likes to walk about the streets of Athens unattended by any members of his suite. On Sundays he occasionally goes to the English Church of St. Paul, where he occupies any pew that may be vacant.

NIKOLA TESLA, whose discoveries in electrical science have lately attracted much attention, lectures in a very simple and attractive style, very much like that sturdy English authority on electricity, Doctor Oliver J. Lodge.

THE Duke of York, heir presumptive to the British Throne, is an ardent stamp collector, and has just been made honorary Vice-President of the Philatelic Society of London. The Duke of Edinburgh is the honorary President.

DIETRICH RIEKE has been bass violinist in the Mobile (Ala.) Theatre for fifty-three years. There he stands nightly by his big instrument, and saws calmly and as steadily as if he were a part of the musical machinery; he never misses.

ONE of the trustees of the Brooklyn Tabernacle has announced that the $30,000 necessary to pay part of the floating debt of the institution has been raised and that Doctor Talmage will remain in Brooklyn. There is $40,000 more to be raised in a few months.

JOSEPH PULITZER, proprietor of the New York World, maintains a Paris residence at a cost of $200,000 a year, the establishment including a dozen horses and thirty servants. He has also a handsome New York residence near Central Park. His health still keeps him abroad.

PERU MAKES REPARATION.

William P. Griffith Was the United States Agent Attacked.

The Peruvian Government has taken the initiatory steps toward complying with the demands of the United States that reparation be made for the outrage committed on one of its consular agencies in Peru. It was not until a few days after that the name of the place attacked, which was omitted in the first despatch from Minister Hicks notifying Secretary Gresham of the affair, was made known to the State Department.

The information was contained in a cablegram from Minister Hicks. It states that the consular agency attacked is at Mollendo, Peru, and that in answer to the demand for satisfaction made by the Administration, the Government of Peru immediately removed the sub-prefect of the department in which Mollendo is situated and promised to provide suitable reparation, and, furthermore, that the Government has expressed its regrets for the occurrence. This information is entirely satisfactory to the United States Government.

The name of the consular agent at Mollendo, which is omitted from the despatches received from Minister Hicks, is William P. Griffith. He was appointed from Pennsylvania, March 30, 1889.

IN East Prussia a larger area of land than usual is being cultivated to sugar beets, owing to the low price of grain.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

15	BEANS AND PEAS.		
Beans—Marrow, 1892, choice	2 35	@	2 40
Medium, 1892, choice	2 05	@	2 10
Pea, 1892, choice	2 00	@	2 05
Red kidney, 1892, choice	2 75	@	2 90
White kidney, 1892, choice	2 25	@	2 35
Lima, Cal., per bush	2 15	@	2 20
Green peas, 1892, per bbl	1 90	@	1 95
	BUTTER.		
Creamery—St. & Penn., extra	—	@	—
St. & Penn., firsts	—	@	—
Western, firsts	26	@	27
Western, seconds	24	@	25
Western, thirds	—	@	23
State dairy—half tubs, and pails, extras	26	@	26½
Half tubs and pails, 1sts	25	@	25½
Half tubs and pails, 2ds	23	@	24
Welsh tubs, extras	—	@	—
Welsh tubs, 1sts	—	@	25
Welsh tubs, 2ds	23	@	24
Western—Im. creamery, 1sts	23	@	24
W. Im. creamery, 2ds	21	@	22
W. Im. creamery, 3ds	19	@	20
Western Factory, fresh, firsts	21	@	22
W. Factory, seconds	19	@	20
W. Factory and dairy, 3ds	17	@	18
	CHEESE.		
State factory—Full cream, white, fancy	11½	@	13
Full cream, colored, fancy	11½	@	12
Full cream, good to prime	10½	@	11
Part skims, choice	9	@	10
Part skims, good to prime	7	@	8
Part skims, common	3	@	6
Full skims	½	@	1
	EGGS.		
State and Penn—Fresh	—	@	16½
Western—Fresh, fancy	16½	@	16½
Duck eggs	21	@	22
	FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.		
Apples—King, per bbl	—	@	—
Baldwin, per bbl	2 25	@	2 75
Greening, per bbl	2 25	@	2 75
Grapes, up river, Del., 5 lb.	—	@	—
Florida oranges, per box	2 00	@	4 50
Cranberries, Jersey, crate	—	@	—
	HOPS.		
State—1892, choice	—	@	21½
1892, prime	20½	@	21
1892, common to good	18	@	20
Old odds	5	@	10
	LIVE POULTRY.		
Fowls—Jersey, State, Penn.	12½	@	—
Western, per lb	—	@	12½
Chickens, local, lb	12	@	—
Western per lb	11½	@	13
Roosters, old, per lb	7½	@	—
Turkeys, per lb	13	@	13
Ducks—N. J., N. Y., Penn., per pair	80	@	1 12
Western, per pair	70	@	90
Geese, Western, per pair	1 12	@	1 50
Pigeons, per pair	35	@	50
	DRESSED POULTRY—FRESH KILLED.		
Turkeys, per lb	13	@	17
Chickens—Phila., per lb	25	@	40
Western, per lb	—	@	—
Fowls—St. and West., per lb	13	@	13½
Ducks—Fair to fancy, per lb	—	@	—
Eastern, per lb	—	@	—
Spring, L. I., per lb	—	@	—
Geese—Western, per lb	—	@	—
Squabs—Dark, per doz	2 25	@	2 75
White, per doz	3 25	@	3 75
	VEGETABLES.		
Potatoes—State, per bbl	1 50	@	2 25
Jersey, prime, per bbl	1 75	@	—
Jersey, inferior, per bbl	1 00	@	1 50
L. I., in bulk, per bbl	2 50	@	2 75
Cabbage, Florida, per crate	1 00	@	3 00
Onions—Eastern, yellow, bbl	1 75	@	2 50
Eastern, red, per bbl	1 75	@	2 25
State, per bbl	1 75	@	2 25
Squash—Marrow, per barrel	—	@	—
Sweet potatoes, Va., per bbl	—	@	—
South Jersey, per bbl	3 50	@	5 00
Celery, near by, doz. bunches	—	@	—
	GRAIN, ETC.		
Flour—City Mill Extra	—	@	—
Patents	4 20	@	4 50
Wheat—No. 2 Red	76¼	@	76½
Rye—State	—	@	—
Barley—Two-rowed State	65	@	66
Corn—Ungraded White	51	@	56
Oats—No. 3 White	40¾	@	41
Mixed Western	37	@	39
Hay—Good to Choice	—	@	—
Straw—Long Rye	—	@	—
Lard—City Steam	—	@	—
	LIVE STOCK.		
Beeves, City dressed	7½	@	9
Milch Cows, com. to good	35 00	@	50 00
Calves, City dressed	6	@	10½
Sheep, per 100 lbs	5 56¼	@	6 00
Lambs, per lb	4	@	8¼
Hogs—Live, per 100 lbs	—	@	7 75
Dressed	9	@	10½

The Modern Lock.

As respects modern locks this country bears off the palm, whether as regards security, convenience, facility of manipulation or workmanship. Like other articles for common use confined within the domain of ordinary mechanics, our locks are the best in the world. The lock of the present day in European countries is a clumsy piece of mechanism, and the key a cumberome piece of iron that is inconvenient to carry in the pocket and dangerous to the clothing. The task of the Europe burglar is easy, a twisted piece of iron being an "open sesame" for all the rooms of a private dwelling or hotel. On the continent it is even more essential than with us that the locksmith should be a man of greater probity than the workmen of other trades. Fortunately, in France the honesty of the craft has become a tradition. Comparatively few of the burglaries that are of nightly occurrence in and and about Paris are committed by locksmiths. From time immemorial the French locksmiths have taken the dog as an emblem of the fidelity to its interests that the public expects of them. It habitually appeared upon their signs, which were varied sometimes by the figure of a lion guarding a safe, the key of which was held by a hare. Of the relative honesty of locksmiths in other countries where the lock has been less a specialty of manufactures as an adjunct of art we know little on account of the lack of statistics, but we may say in a general way of this country that it would be very unfortunate for society if our locksmiths should take as kindly to burglary as some of our engravers have to counterfeiting.—San Francisco Chronicle.

A box of old Spanish gold coins has been unearthed by workmen in Durango, Mexico, said to be worth $100,000.

Paucity of Direct Royal Heirs.

The Emperors and Kings of Europe number seventeen, and if the heads of the families of Bourbon and Bonaparte be added to the male nineteen only nine of these illustrious personages (Great Britain, France, Russia, Prussia, Italy, Portugal, Denmark, Sweden and Greece) have heirs in the direct line, and of these direct heirs only those of Great Britain and the three last named States are married. The heirs of Portugal and Prussia are still children.

Of the other States the Sovereigns of Austria, Belgium and Roumania will apparently be succeeded by nephews, the King of Saxony and the head of the Bonapartes by brothers, the King of Spain by a sister, and the King of Bavaria by an uncle. The heir of the King of Wurtemburg is a very remote bachelor cousin, now sixty-five years old. The Grand Duchess of Saxe-Weimar, who is sixty-nine, is heiress of her niece, the Queen of the Netherlands, and the poor King of Servia seems to have no heir at all, unless his father will accept the position.—Chicago Herald.

Placing a Big Street Car Cable.

Over two miles of 1¼ inch steel cable of the Broadway Railroad Company, New York City, was recently placed in the trench beneath the street pavement, where it is to be used in hauling the cars. The end of the cable was attached to a car hauled by twenty-four horses, which was started from the power house at Seventh avenue and Fifty-first street, proceeding thence north to Fifty-ninth street, back to Thirty-sixth street, and from there to the power house again, where workmen commenced splicing the two ends. At the north and south ends of the space covered, where the cable changes its direction, it runs around wheels twelve feet in diameter.—Scientific American.

The Argument Used

By the makers of the second-class baking powders to induce the dealer to push them off on Royal consumers is that they cost less than Royal and afford the dealer much more profit.

But you, madam, are charged the same price for them as for the absolutely pure Royal, which is perfectly combined from the most highly refined and expensive materials. The lower cost of the others is caused by the cheap, impure materials used in them, and the haphazard way in which they are thrown together.

Do you wish to pay the price of the Royal for an inferior baking powder, made from impure goods, of 27 per cent. less strength? If you buy the other powders, insist upon having a corresponding reduction in price.

RISING SUN STOVE POLISH

Do Not Be Deceived with Pastes, Enamels and Paints which stain the hands, injure the iron and burn red. The Rising Sun Stove Polish is Brilliant, Odorless, Durable, and the consumer pays for no tin or glass package with every purchase.

LEARN SHORTHAND at Home! Mail lessons 50c. Notes correct. Send stamp. White & McKay, Syracuse, N.Y.

OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, Ohio.

MEND YOUR OWN HARNESS WITH THOMSON'S SLOTTED CLINCH RIVETS.

No tools required. Only a hammer needed to drive and clinch them easily and quickly, leaving the clinch absolutely